

# Service Manual

FM/AM DIGITAL SYNTHESIZER TUNER

# F-91 Original



ORDER NO.  
ARP 1465

MODEL F-91 COMES IN FIVE VERSIONS DISTINGUISHED AS FOLLOWS:

Type	Power requirement	Export destination
KU/CA	AC120V only	U.S.A and Canada
HE	AC220V, 240V (switchable) *	European continent
HB	AC220V, 240V (switchable) *	United Kingdom
SD/G	AC110V, 120V-127V, 220V, 240V (switchable)	U.S.Military
HEZ	AC220V, 240V (switchable) *	West Germany

\* Change the primary wiring of the power transformer.

- This service manual is applicable to the KU/CA, HE, HB, SD/G and HEZ types.
- As to the HE, HB, SD/G and HEZ types, please refer to pages P39-P40.
- Ce manuel pour le service comprend les explications en français de réglage. (P28-P29)
- Este manual de servicio trata del método ajuste escrito en español. (P30-P31)

## CONTENTS

1. SPECIFICATIONS.....	2	8. PACKING .....	32
2. PANEL FACILITIES.....	3	9. IC INFORMATION.....	33
3. EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST.....	5	10. BLOCK DIAGRAM .....	35
4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM .....	9	11. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION .....	37
5. P.C.BORADS CONNECTION DIAGRAM .....	13	12. FOR HE, HB, HEZ AND SD/G TYPES.....	39
6. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST .....	22		
7. ADJUSTMENTS .....	26		
RÉGLAGE .....	28		
AJUSTE.....	30		

**PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION** 4-1, Meguro 1-Chome, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153, Japan

**PIONEER ELECTRONICS SERVICE INC.** P.O. Box 1760, Long Beach, California 90801 U.S.A.

**PIONEER ELECTRONICS OF CANADA, INC.** 505 Cochrane Drive, Markham, Ontario L3R 8E3 Canada

**PIONEER ELECTRONIC [EUROPE] N.V.** Keelberglaan 1, 2740 Beveren, Belgium

**PIONEER ELECTRONICS AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.** 178-184 Boundary Road, Braeside, Victoria 3195, Australia TEL: (03) 580-9911

IPI©AUG.1987 Printed in Japan

# 1. SPECIFICATIONS

## FM Tuner Section

Frequency range .....	87.5 MHz to 108 MHz
Usable Sensitivity .....	Mono; 9.8 dBf, IHF (0.85 $\mu$ V/75Ω)
50 dB Quieting Sensitivity .....	
U.S. and Canadian models .....	
Mono; 12.8 dBf, IHF (1.2 $\mu$ V/75Ω)	
Stereo; 34.8 dBf, IHF (15 $\mu$ V/75Ω)	
U.K. and other destination's models .....	
Mono; 15.3 dBf, IHF (1.6 $\mu$ V/75Ω)	
Stereo; 35.9 dBf, IHF (17 $\mu$ V/75Ω)	
Sensitivity (DIN) .....	Mono; 0.75 $\mu$ V/75Ω Stereo; 20 $\mu$ V/75Ω
Signal-to-Noise Ratio .....	
U.S. and Canadian models .....	Mono; 95 dB (at 80 dBf) Stereo; 88 dB (at 80 dBf)
U.K. and other destination's models .....	Mono; 95 dB (at 80 dBf) Stereo; 87 dB (at 80 dBf)
Signal-to-Noise Ratio (DIN) .....	Mono; 77 dB Stereo; 73 dB
Distortion (at 80 dBf) .....	Mono; 0.015% (100 Hz) 0.009% (1 kHz) 0.02% (10 kHz) Stereo; 0.02% (100 Hz) 0.02% (1 kHz) 0.07% (10 kHz)
Capture Ratio .....	0.8 dB
Alternate Channel Selectivity .....	85 dB (400 kHz)
Stereo Separation .....	65 dB (1 kHz) 55 dB (20 Hz to 10 kHz)
Frequency Response .....	+0.2 dB (20 Hz to 15 kHz) -0.8
Image Response Ratio .....	70 dB
IF Response Ratio .....	100 dB
AM Suppression Ratio .....	70 dB
Spurious Response Ratio .....	80 dB
Subcarrier Product Ratio .....	60 dB
Muting Threshold .....	25.2 dBf (5 $\mu$ V/75Ω)
Antenna Input .....	75 unbalanced

## AM Tuner Section

Frequency range .....	531 kHz to 1602 kHz (Step 9 kHz) 530 kHz to 1700 kHz (Step 10 kHz)
Sensitivity (IHF, Loop antenna) .....	150 $\mu$ V/m
Selectivity .....	40 dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio .....	50 dB
Image Response Ratio .....	40 dB
IF Response Ratio .....	60 dB
Antenna .....	Loop Antenna

## Audio Section

Output (Level/Impedance) .....	
FM (100% MOD) FIXED .....	650 mV/0.9 kΩ
AM (30% MOD) FIXED .....	150 mV/0.9 kΩ

## Miscellaneous

Power Requirements .....	
U.S. and Canadian models .....	AC120V, 60 Hz
U.K. model .....	a.c.240V-, 50/60 Hz
Other destination's models .....	
AC110V/120-127V/220V/240V (switchable), 50/60 Hz	
Power Consumption .....	25W
Dimensions .....	457 (W) × 85 (H) × 316 (D) mm 18 (W) × 3-3/8 (H) × 12 - 7/16 (D) in
Weight (without package) .....	5.2 kg (11 lb 8 oz)

## Furnished Parts

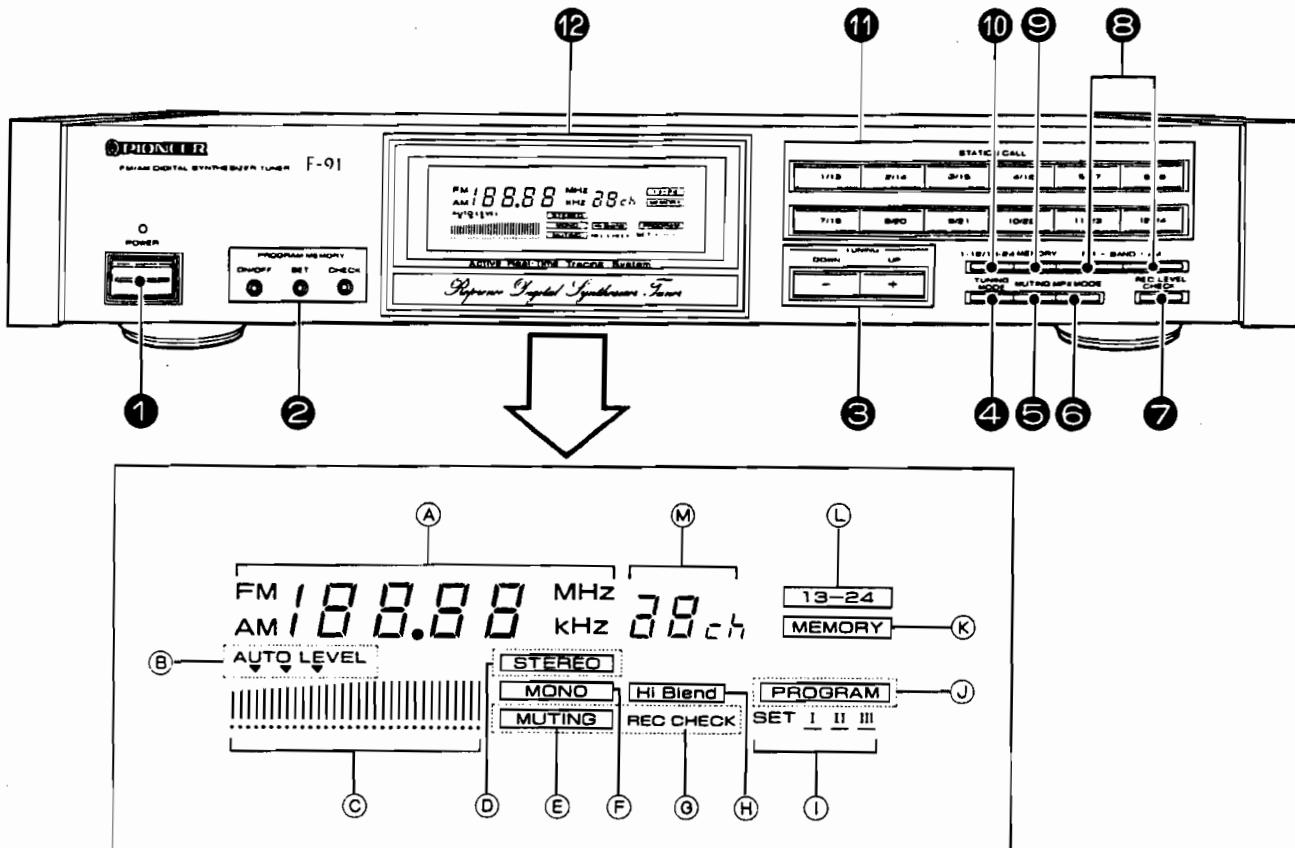
FM T-type Antenna .....	1
AM Loop Antenna .....	1
Connecting Cord with Pin Plugs .....	1
Antenna adaptor* .....	1
Control cord* .....	1
Operating Instructions .....	1

\* Not attached on U.K. model.

### NOTE:

Specifications and design subject to possible modification without notice due to improvements.

## 2. PANEL FACILITIES



### ① POWER switch/Indicator

- Press to turn power on . . . . on
- Press again to turn power off . . . . off

### ② PROGRAM MEMORY buttons

Convenient for programmed recording.

#### ON/OFF:

Set to ON, and the three memorized stations will be recalled in sequence as power is turned off and on again.

#### SET:

Press to set the program memory contents.

#### CHECK:

Press to confirm the program memory contents.

### ③ TUNING UP/DOWN switches

Use these switches to tune in broadcasting stations. Press UP (+) to receive a station whose frequency is higher than the displayed frequency, and DOWN (-) to tune in to a lower frequency station.

### ④ TUNING MODE switch

To select the tuning mode. It changes each time the switch is pressed:

#### → MANUAL:

Frequency changes by one step each time one of the TUNING UP/DOWN switches is pressed. When the switch is held depressed the frequency will change continuously.

— AUTO LEVEL indicator off

#### AUTO 1:

Press one of the TUNING UP/DOWN switches once. The unit will automatically scan the frequency band and stop when it finds a station (a too weak signal station will be ignored). In this case use MANUAL tuning mode.

— [▼] AUTO LEVEL indicator lights up

#### AUTO 2:

Tuning will stop at stations with more than medium signal strength.

— [▼] AUTO LEVEL indicator lights up

#### AUTO 3:

Tuning will only stop at strong signal stations.

— [▼] AUTO LEVEL indicator lights up

**⑤ MUTING switch**

The muting circuit is designed to remove the typical FM interstation noise generated when moving away from in-tune frequencies, but it can also prevent reception of distant or weak signal stations. In this case, press the MUTING switch off and tune into the desired station. Normally, leave this switch on (MUTING indicators lit).

This switch does not affect AM reception.

**NOTE:**

The setting of this switch is memorized together with the station in the station memory.

**⑥ MPX (multiplex) MODE switch**

Mode changes as follows each time this switch is pressed:

## →STEREO:

For listening to FM stereo broadcasts (the indicator lights up, when a stereo broadcast is received. The indicator also lights, when a stereo broadcast is received in Hi-Blend Mode.).  
— [STEREO] indicator lights up

**STEREO**

## MONO:

To receive stereo broadcasts in monaural.  
— [MONO] indicator lights up

**MONO**

## ←Hi-Blend:

Select this position when the stereo signal is noisy. High frequencies will be blended, improving sound quality.  
— [Hi-Blend] indicator lights up

**Hi Blend****NOTE:**

The setting of this switch is memorized together with the station in the station memory.

**⑦ REC LEVEL CHECK switch**

To set the tape deck recording level when recording FM broadcasts. Press this switch on (the REC CHECK indicator will start flashing), and an FM recording standard level signal (frequency: approx. 330 Hz; level: equivalent to 50% modulation FM) will be continuously delivered from the OUTPUT jacks. Adjust the tape deck level meter reading to approx. -2 dB to obtain an appropriate recording level. Always press this switch off after setting the recording level (the REC CHECK indicator will go off).

**⑧ BAND selector switches****FM:**

Press to receive FM broadcasts.

**AM:**

Press to receive AM broadcasts.

**⑨ MEMORY switch**

Press to memorize preset stations.

The [MEMORY] indicator will remain lit for about 5 seconds. Press the desired STATION CALL switch to memorize it during this period.

**MEMORY****⑩ [1-12/13-24] Station call selector switch**

Use this selector to choose between channels 1-12 and 13-24 when memorizing station frequencies or recalling already stored stations. The [13-24] indicator lights up when channels 13-24 are selected.

**13-24****⑪ STATION CALL switches**

Use these switches to preset stations and to receive already preset stations.

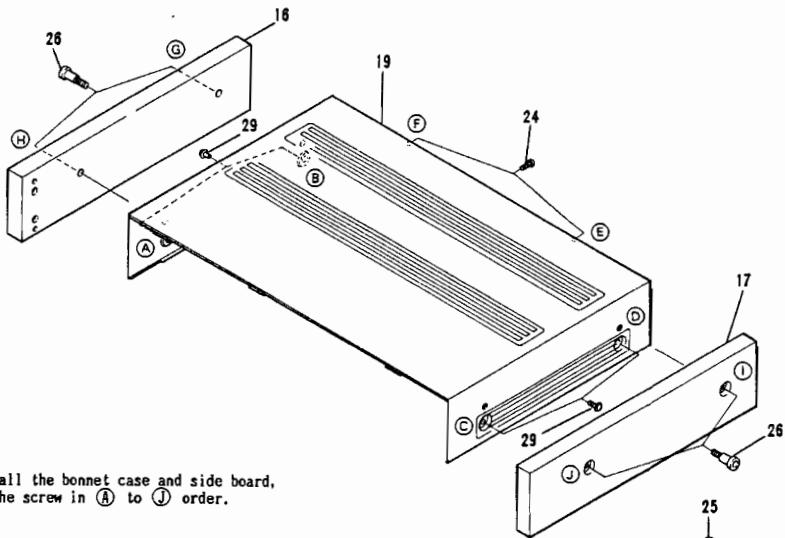
**⑫ Operation Display**

- (A) Shows reception band and frequency.
- (B) When the TUNING MODE switch is set to AUTO 1-3, the mark ▼ above the signal indicator indicates the level set for automatic tuning.
- (C) Signal indicator
- (D) Lights up when a stereo broadcast is received.
- (E) Stays lit while muting is occurring.
- (F) Stays lit while the MPX MODE switch is set to MONO.
- (G) Flashes when the REC LEVEL CHECK switch is set to on.
- (H) Stays lit while the MPX MODE switch is set to Hi-Blend.
- (I) Shows the condition of the program memory mode.
- (J) Stays lit while the PROGRAM MEMORY ON/OFF switch is on.
- (K) Lights for about 5 seconds when the MEMORY switch is pressed.
- (L) Lights up when the station call selector switch is set to 13-24.
- (M) When a STATION CALL switch is pressed, it will show the corresponding channel number.

1 2 3 4 5 6

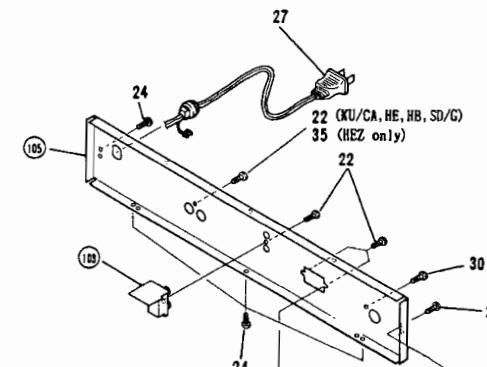
**3. EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST**

A



B

Note:  
When install the bonnet case and side board,  
tighten the screw in ④ to ① order.

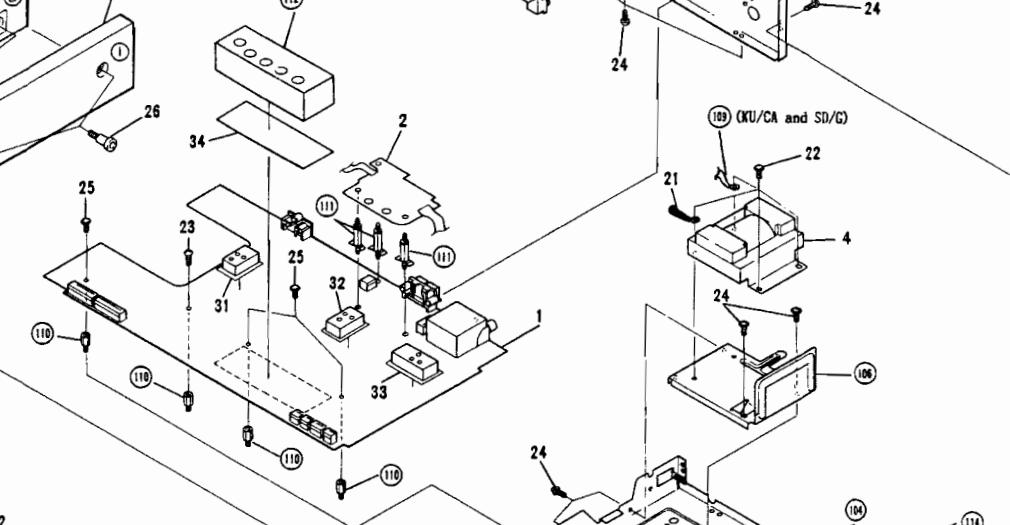


A

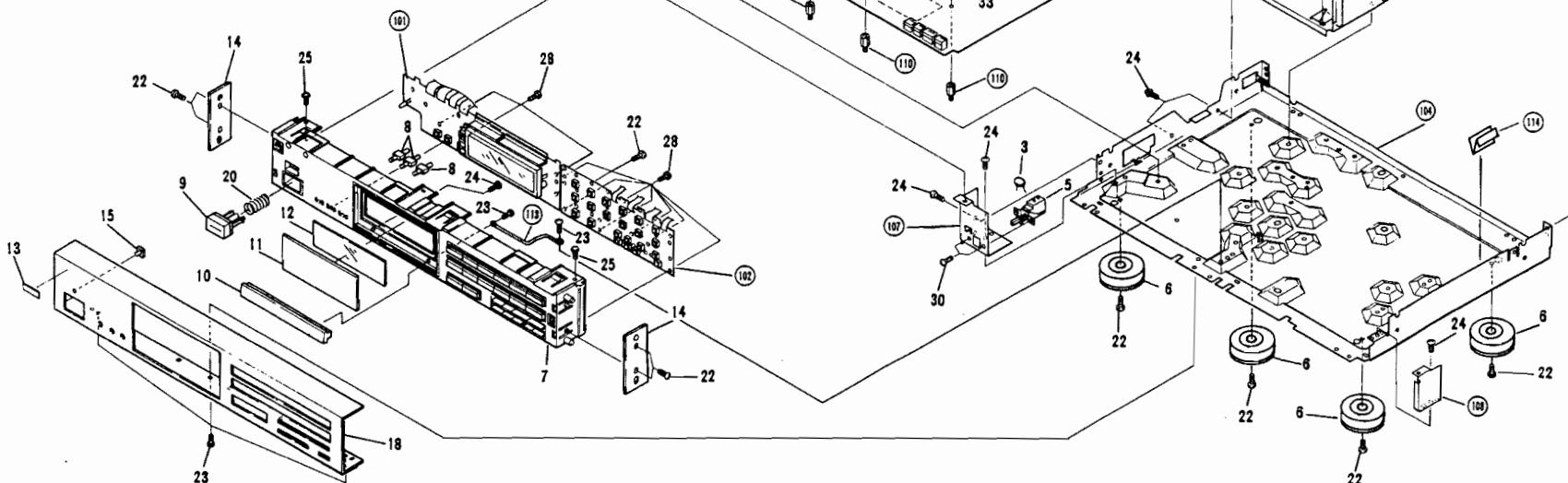
Parts Li  
Mark No

▲ ★  
△ ★★

B



C



C

Extern

RN1  
RN2

D



D

A

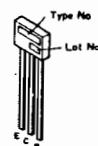
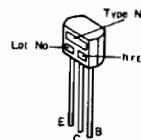
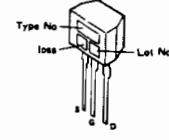
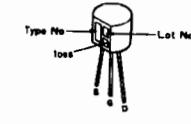
**NOTES:**

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The **Δ** mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★** and **★★**.
- **★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★**  
This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Parts marked by **●** are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

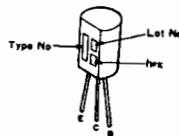
**Parts List**

Mark	No.	Part no.	Description	Mark	No.	Part no.	Description
	1	ANZ1568	TUNER assembly		25	ABA1011	Screw
	2	ANZ1570	AM assembly		26	ABA1032	Screw
Δ	3	ACB-501	Ceramic capacitor (0.01μF/AC250V, C409)	Δ	27	ADG-088	AC power cord
Δ ★	4	ATT1043	Power transformer (T901)		28	BBZ26P080FMC	Screw
Δ★★	5	ASG-541	Push switch (POWER, S901)		29	FBT40P080FZK	Screw
	6	AMR1047	Leg assembly		30	VNZ30P060FCU	Screw
	7	AMB1222	Panel base assembly		31	ANZ1576	DET VCO assembly
	8	AAD1190	Tact knob B (PROGRAM MEMORY)		32	ANZ1577	IF VCO assembly
	9	AAD1197	Power knob (POWER)		33	ANZ1580	FRONT END OSC assembly
	10	ANH1029	Aluminum sash		34	ANZ1579	IF MODULE assembly
	11	AKK1298	Acrylic panel		35	ABA1035	Screw (HEX only)
	12	AKK1300	FL filter	101			FL assembly
	13	AMM1001	Name plate	102			SW assembly
	14	API1064	Side sash	103			REMOCOM assembly
	15	AMR1160	LED lens	104			Chassis
	16	AMS1015	Side board L	105			Rear panel
	17	AMS1016	Side board R	106			Transformer frame
	18	ANB1128	Front panel	107			Front panel holder A
	19	ANE1087	Bonnet case	108			Front panel holder B
	20	ABH1033	Coil spring A	109			Earth lead
	21	ABC-093	Binder	110			PCB holder
	22	ABA-298	Screw	111			PCB support
	23	ABA1006	Screw	112			Shield cover
	24	ABA1009	Screw	113			Earth lead
				114			Earth leader

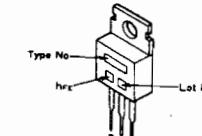
C

**External Appearance of Transistor and ICs**RN1203  
RN22012SC2603  
2SA11152SK241  
2SK1612SJ103  
2SK246

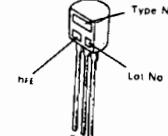
2SB560



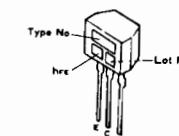
2SB834



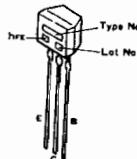
2SC2389



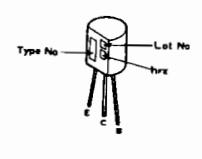
2SC2668



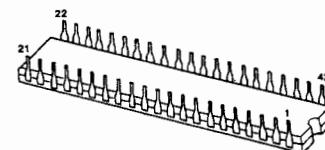
2SC2786



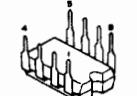
2SC2878



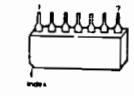
LC7570



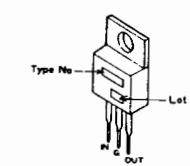
MS218P



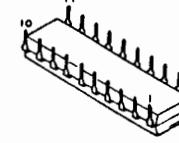
μPC1163H



μPC78N05H



LA1247



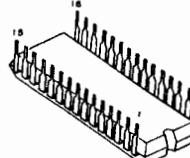
NJH1496D



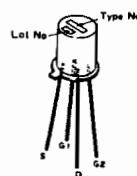
PA5008



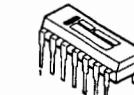
PA5007



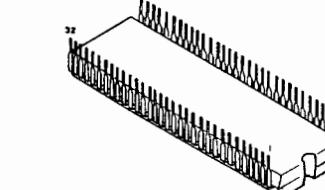
P001



CX-7925B

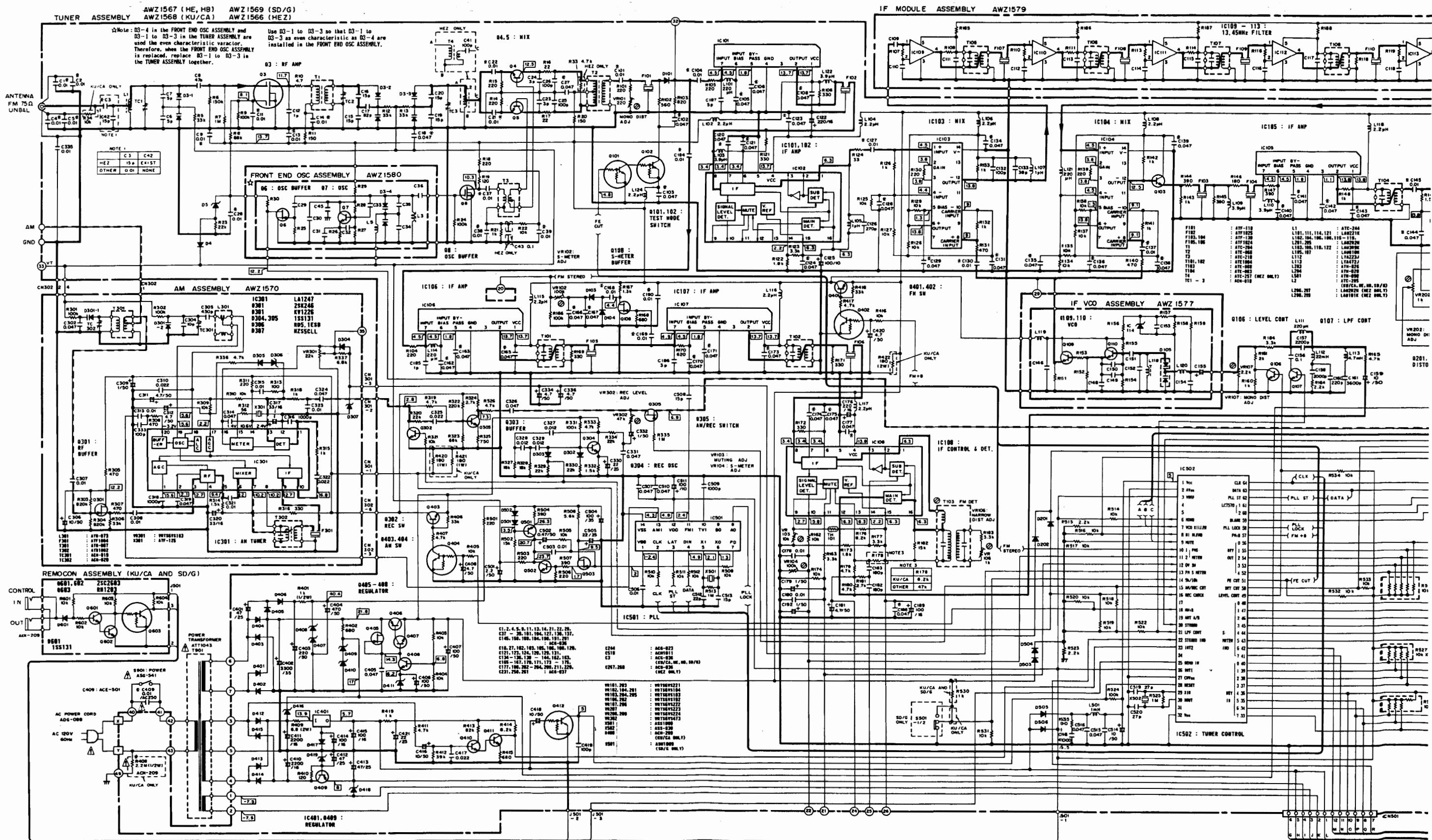


PD5056



D

#### **4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**





1

2

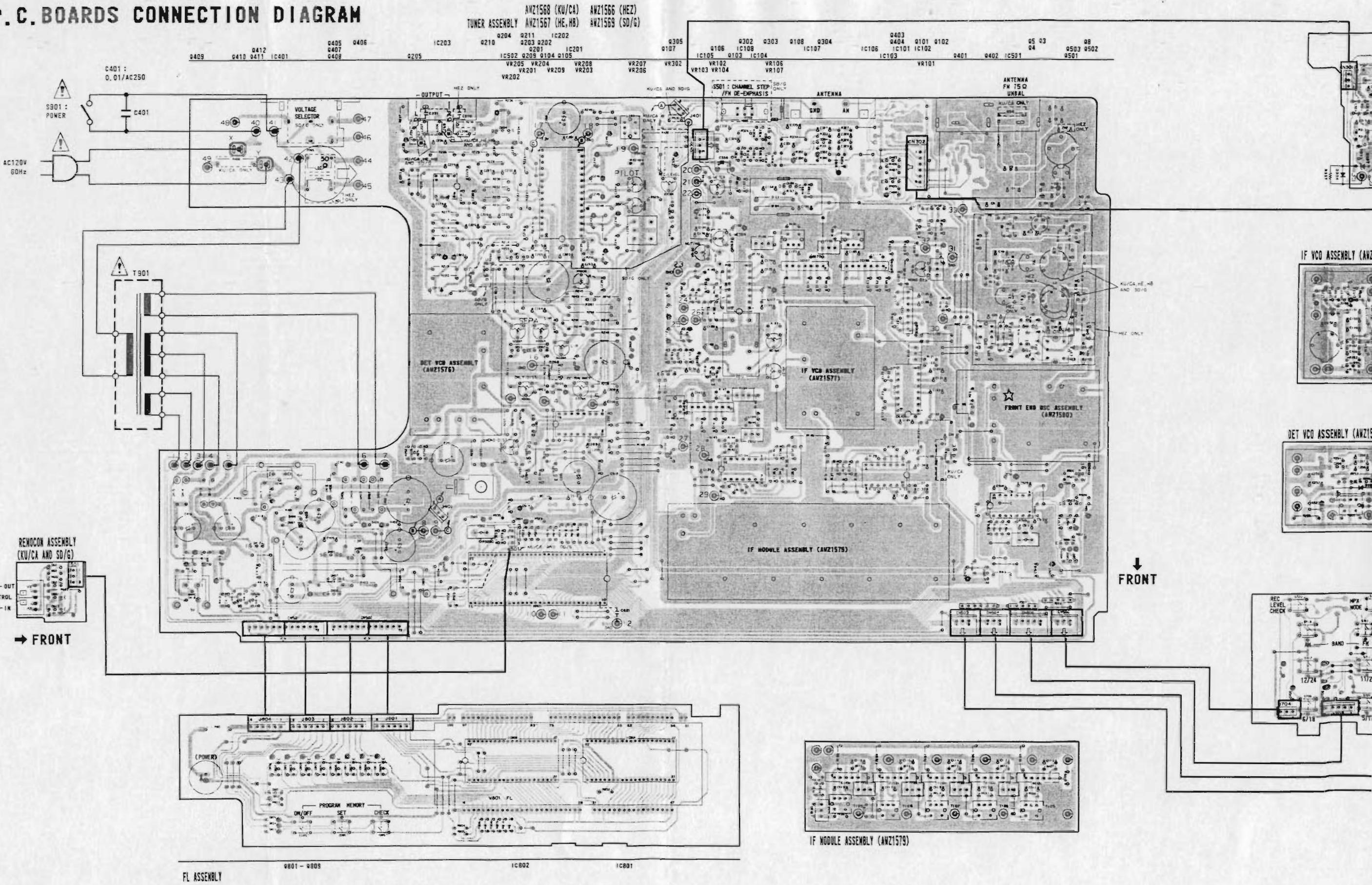
8

4

5

6

## **5. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



1

2

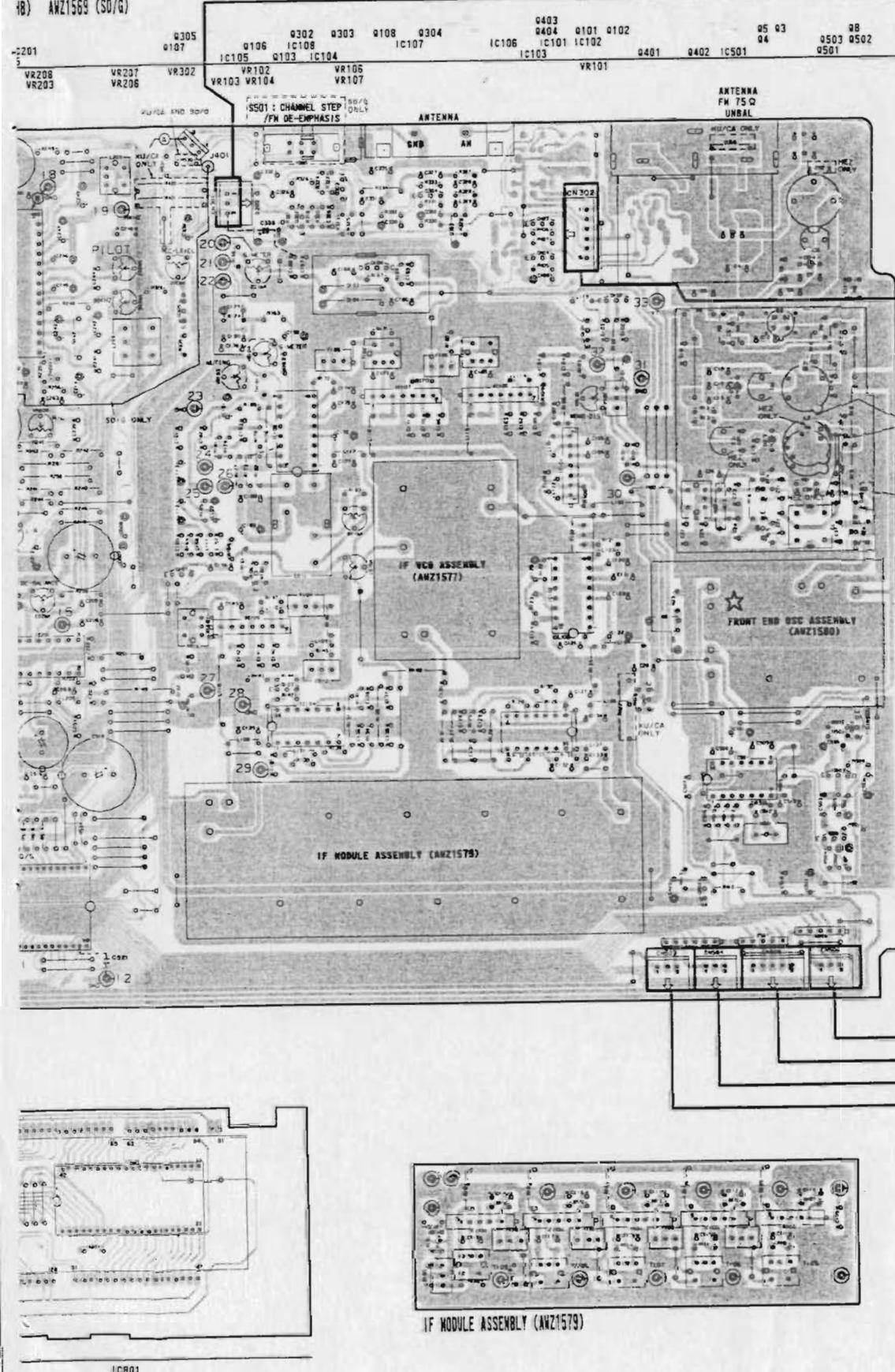
8

4

5

6

(A) AWZ1566 (HEZ)  
 (B) AWZ1569 (SD/G)



5

6

7

8

9

4

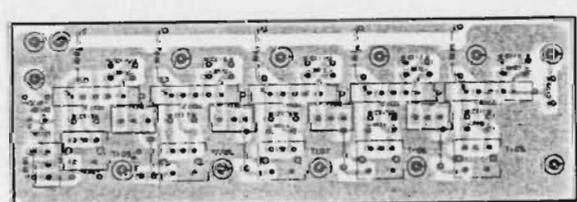
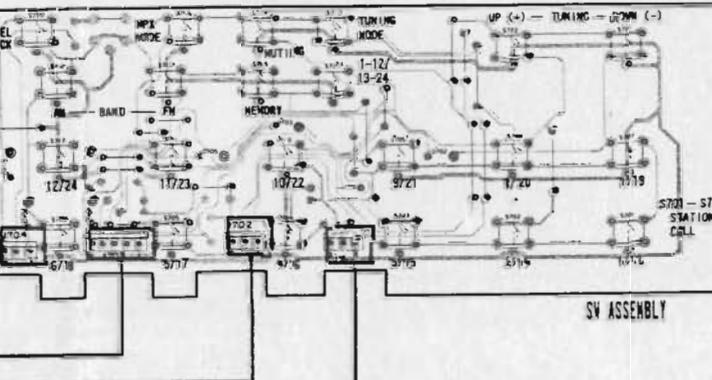
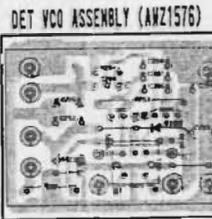
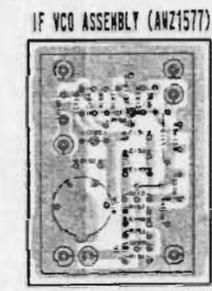
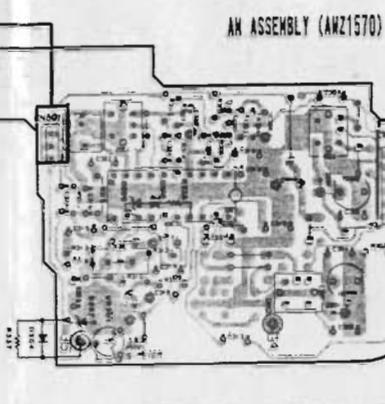
6

7

8

4

5



IC801

★Note : D3-4 in the FRONT END OSC ASSEMBLY and D3-1 to D3-3 in the TUNER ASSEMBLY are used the even characteristic varactor. Therefore, when the FRONT END OSC ASSEMBLY is replaced, replace D3-1 to D3-3 in the TUNER ASSEMBLY together. Use D3-1 to D3-3 so that D3-1 to D3-3 as even characteristic as D3-4 are installed in the FRONT END OSC ASSEMBLY.

A

## NOTE

1. This P.C.B connection diagram is viewed from the parts mounted side.
2. The parts which have been mounted on the board can be replaced with those shown with the corresponding wiring symbols listed in the following Table.

P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Corresponding part symbol	Part Name
		Transistor
		Radiator type transistor
		Diode
		Resistor
		Capacitor (Polarity)
		Capacitor (Non-polarity)

P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Part Name
IC	IC
S	Switch
RY	Relay
L	Coil
F	Filter
VR	Variable resistor or Semi-fixed resistor

3. The capacitor terminal marked with shows negative terminal.
4. The diode terminal marked with shows cathode side.
5. The transistor terminal to which E is affixed shows the emitter.

B

C

D

9

10

re-F

e

8

7

a

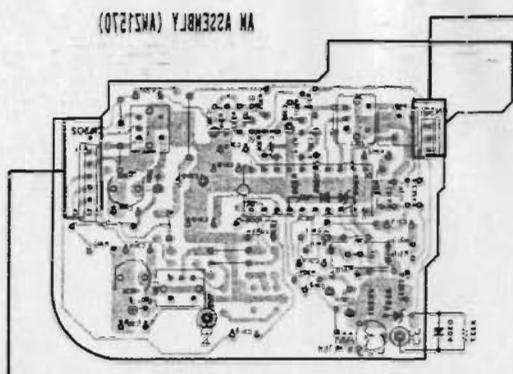
2

4

A

370

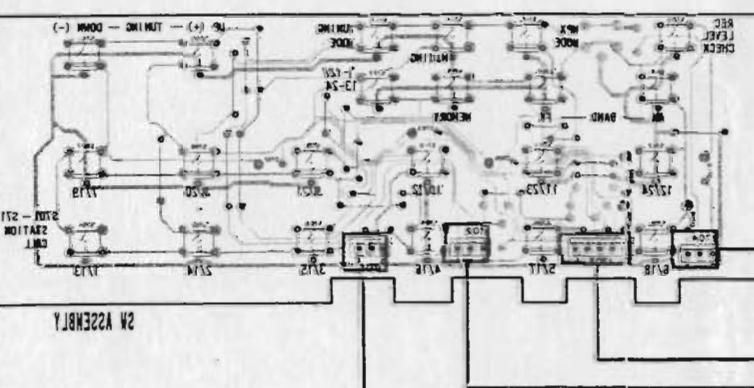
Notes: DS-4 in the FRONT END DDC ASSEMBLY and  
DS-1 to DS-3 in the TURNER ASSEMBLY and  
DS-3 as shown on the TURNER ASSEMBLY and  
interchangeable in the FRONT END DDC ASSEMBLY.  
Note DS-1 to DS-3 as shown on the TURNER ASSEMBLY and  
DS-3 as shown on the TURNER ASSEMBLY and  
is replaceable, when the FRONT END DDC ASSEMBLY  
is replaced, replace DS-1 to DS-3 in  
the TURNER ASSEMBLY together.



Part Name	Corresponding part symbol	Circuit diagram indication
Transistor		DS04 0 0 0 0 0 0
Transistor Tab		DS12 0 0 0 0 0 0
Diode		DS02 0 0 0 0 0 0
Resistor		RS21 0 0 0 0 0 0
Capacitor (Polarized)		CA13 0 0 0 0 0 0
Capacitor (Non-polarized)		CA18 0 0 0 0 0 0

Part Name	C.B. bettered guidelines indexation	Year
IC	IC	1984
Swiss	2	1985
BR	BY	1986
Col	F	1987
Filter	E	1988
Swiss-lexis Lexisplus	AB	1989

...lenimset avitagan zworz (zelazio siuob) @driw bexham lenimset iotisqesat erT  
...ebiz abortas zworz (zelazio siuob) @driw bexham lenimset sbob erT  
...zatima ads zword bexhix n i doidwe ot lenimset iotisqesat erT



已

8

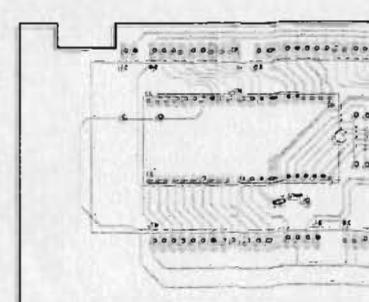
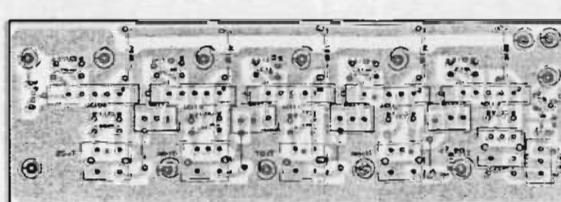
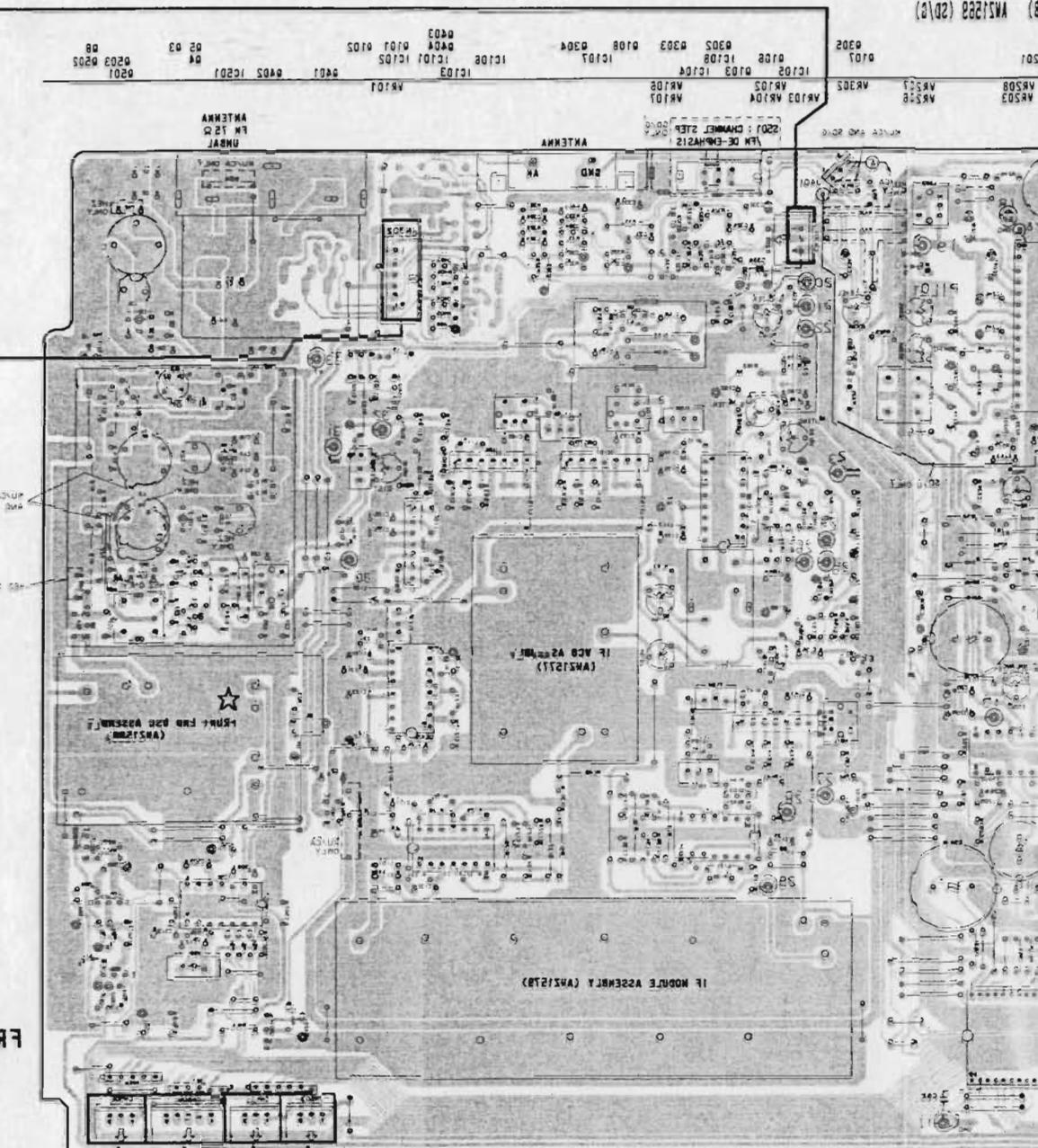
7

2

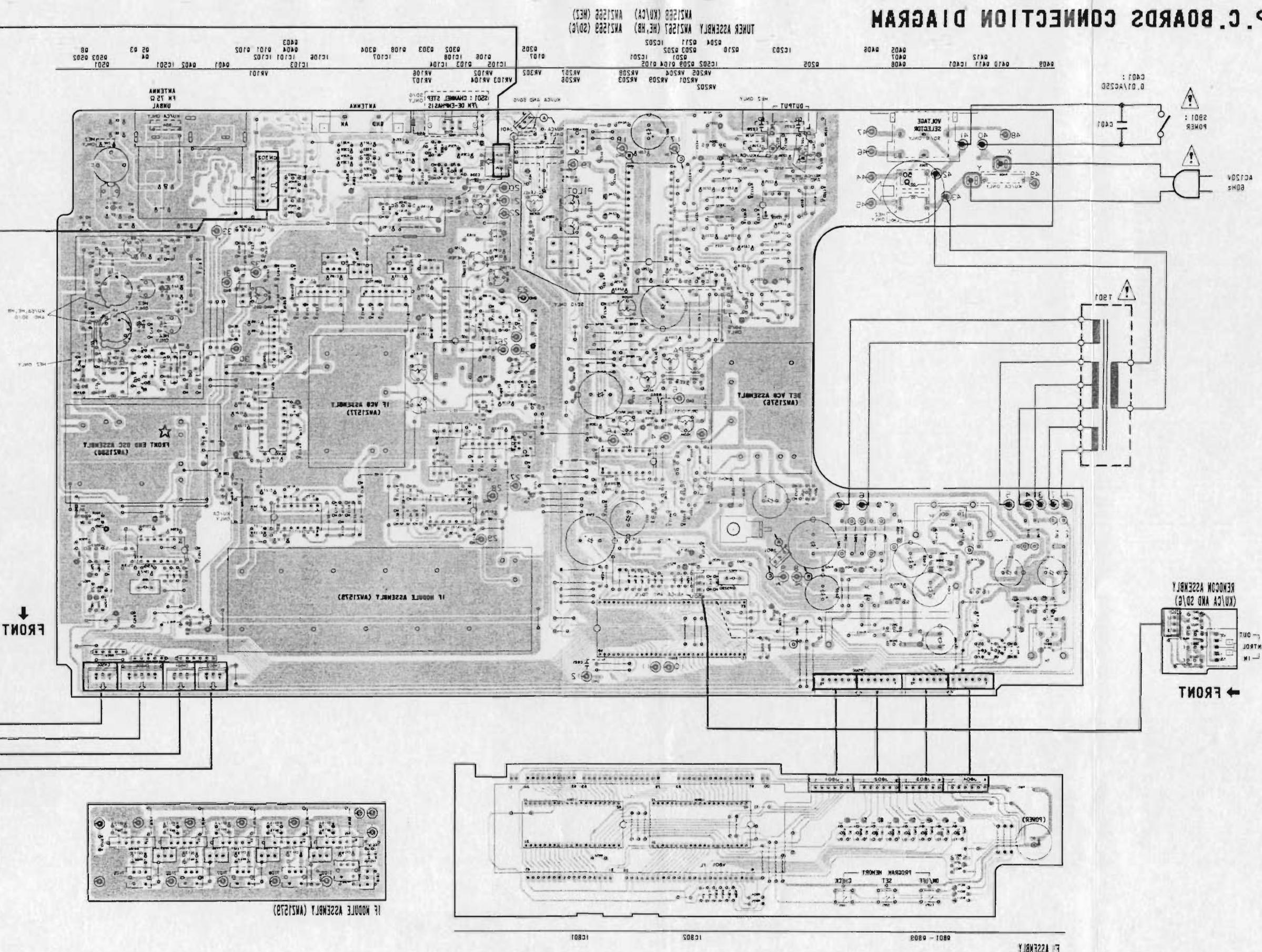
8

1

ANSI256 (HE3) (A)  
ANSI256 (SD) (B)



S.P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM



## **6. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST**

## NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
  - Parts marked by "◎" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.
  - The △ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
  - For your parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★★ and ★.

**★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★**

This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

  - When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.

Ex.1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J=5%, and K=10%).

560Ω	$56 \times 10^1$	561	.....	R01/4P5(1)610J
47kΩ	$47 \times 10^3$	473	.....	R01/4P5(1)730J
0.5Ω	085	.....	.....	RN2H00R05J
1Ω	010	.....	.....	RS1P00000J

Ex.2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).

5.62kΩ	$562 \times 10^3$	5621	.....	RW1/4S5(1)620J
--------	-------------------	------	-------	----------------

## Miscellaneous Parts

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	REMOCON assembly	
	FL assembly	
	TUNER assembly	AMZ1568
	SW assembly	
	AM assembly	AMZ1570

#### **.NET MC9 assembly**

DET VCO assembly	AMZ1576
IF VCO assembly	AMZ1577
FRONT END OSC assembly	AMZ1580
IF MODULE assembly	AMZ1579

**A C409 Ceramic capacitor**

(0.01/AC250V)  
 △ ★ T901 Loop antenna assembly ATB-086  
 △ ★★ S901 Power transformer ATT1043  
 △ ★★ S901 Push switch (POWER) ASG-541

**AC power on**

**REMOCON Assembly  
SEMICONDUCTORS**

Mark    Symbol & Description

★ ★ Q603	RN1203
★ ★ Q601, Q602	2SC2603
★ D601	1SS131

## **RESISTORS**

R601 - R604 RD1/8PM103J

## OTHERS

<u>Mark</u>	<u>Symbol &amp; Description</u>	<u>Part No.</u>
	2P Mini jack (CONTROL)	AKN-209

TUNER Assembly (AMZ1568)

**YOKO WEDDING, CARE  
SEMICONDUCTORS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mark
★ ★ TH101, TH201	Thermistor	TH103-2	L103, L109, L110, L122	Axial inductor	LAU3R9K	C5
★ ★ IC501		CX-7925B	L112	Inductor	LTA223J	C5
★ ★ IC203		M5218P	L113	Inductor	LTA472J	C1
★ ★ IC103, IC104		NJMJ496D	F101	FM Ceramic filter	ATF-118	C2
★ ★ IC202		PA5007	F103, F104	FM IF filter	ATF-139	C1
★ ★ IC102, IC108, IC201		PA5008	F105, F106	Ceramic filter	ATF1024	C4
★ ★ IC502		PD5056	F102	FM IF filter	ATF1025	C1
★ ★ IC101, IC105 - IC107		μPC1163H	TJ	FM RF Transformer	ATC-204	C4
★ ★ IC401		μPC78M05H	T3	FM Balun transformer	ATC-218	C5
★ ★ Q3		P001	T104	FM Matching transformer	ATE-063	C5
★ ★ Q101, Q105, Q402, Q404, Q412		RN1203	T2	FM IF transformer	ATE-066	C4
★ ★ Q102, Q104		RN2201	T103	FM Detector transformer	ATE-068	C4
★ ★ Q403, Q501		2SA1115	T101, T102		ATE1004	C1
★ ★ Q401		2SB560		FM Matching transformer		C1
★ ★ Q406, Q409		2SB8834				C2
★ ★ Q205		2SC2389				C2
★ ★ Q302 - Q304, Q407, Q408, Q410,		2SC2603				C2
4411, Q502			TC1 - TC3	Trimmer	ACM-018	C4
★ ★ Q103		2SC2668	C244	(390p/DC50V)	ACG-023	C2
★ ★ Q4, Q5		2SC2786	C1 - C5, C9, C11, C13, C14, C21,		ACG-036	C2
★ ★ Q106, Q107, Q202, Q203		2SC2878	C22, C28, C37 - C39, C101, C104,			C1
★ ★ Q201		2SJ103	C127, C130, C137, C145, C168,			C4
★ ★ Q8, Q108		2SK241	C169, C184, C190, C191, C201			C2
★ ★ Q204, Q209, Q305, Q405, Q503		2SK246	C267, C268	(0.01/DC25V)		C1
★ D411		HZS6C2L				C1
★ D409, D410, D416		HZS9A3L	C18, C27, C102, C103, C105, C106,		ACG-037	C2
★ D408		R013E8	C108, C120, C121, C123, C124,			C2
★ D407		R015E8	C128, C129, C131, C134 - C136,			C2
★ D418		R02, 2E5B	C138 - C144, C162, C163,			C2
★ D5		R07, 5E8	C165 - C167, C170, C171,			C1
★ D419		R08, 2E5B	C173 - C175, C177, C188,			C3
★ D203, D204		R08, 2F8	C202 - C204, C209, C211, C220,			C3
★ D412 - D415, D417, D506		S5566	C231, C250, C261			C2
★ D4, D201, D202, D302, D303,		ISS131	(0.047/DC25V)			C2
D501 - D505, D507, D508						C2
★ D101, D102		ISS85	C518	(47000 μ / 5.5V)	ACH1011	C3
★ D401 - D406		100PF2FD	C185		CCCSL010C50	C2
★ D103, D104		2-1K261	C186		CCCSL030C50	C4
			C187		CCCSL050C50	C4
			C132, C269, C419, C521		CCCSL101J50	C3
			C182, C183		CCCSL181J50	C2
			C160		CCCSL221J50	C2
			C126		CCCSL271J50	C1
			C133		CCCSL390J50	C1
			C12		CCDCM010C50	C1
L2	FM RF Coil	ATC-205	C23, C24		CCDCM030C50	C1
L1	FM ANT Coil	ATC-244	C508, C513		CCDCM150J50	C2
L501	Inductor (1mH)	ATW-098	C512		CCDCM220J50	C1
L203	Coil (38kHz)	ATW-026	C519, C520		CCDCM270J50	C2
L204	Coil (19kHz)	ATW-028	C8		CCDCM470J50	C2
L105, L107	Axial inductor	LAU010M	C25, C26		CCDRH101J50	C4
L102, L104, L106, L108,		LAU2R2M	C6, C7		CCDSM050C50	C4
L115 - L117, L123, L124, L201,			C15, C16, C19, C20		CCDSH150J50	C2
L205	Axial inductor	LAU221K	C333		CCDSL101J50	C2
L101, L111, L114, L121			C17		CCDSL820J50	C2
	Axial inductor					

**TUNER Assembly (AWZ1568)**
**SEMICONDUCTORS**
**Mark Symbol & Description Part No.**

★★ TH101, TH201 Thermistor

★★ IC501 CX-7925B

★★ IC203 M5218P

★★ IC103, IC104 NJM1496D

★★ IC202 PA5007

★★ IC102, IC108, IC201 PA5008

★★ IC502 PD5056

★★ IC101, IC105 - IC107 μPC1163H

★★ IC401 μPC78M05H

★★ Q3 P001

★★ 0101, 0105, 0402, 0404, 0412 RN1203

★★ 0102, 0104 RN2201

★★ 0403, 0501 2SA1115

★★ 0401 2SB560

★★ 0406, 0409 2SB834

★★ 0205 2SC2389

★★ 0302 - 0304, 0407, 0408, 0410, 0411, 0502 2SC2603

★★ 0103 2SC2668

★★ 04.05 2SC2786

★★ 0106, 0107, 0202, 0203 2SC2878

★★ D201 2SJ103

★★ Q8, Q108 2SK241

★★ 0204, 0209, 0305, 0405, 0503 2SK246

★ D411 HZS6C2L

★ D409, D410, D416 HZS9A3L

★ D408 RD1368

★ D407 RD15EB

★ D418 RD2.2ESB

★ D5 RD7.5EB

★ D419 RD8.2ESB

★ D203, D204 RD8.2PB

★ D412 - D415, D417, D506 SS566

★ D4, D201, D202, D302, D303, D501 - D505, D507, D508

★ D101, D102 ISS85

★ D401 - D406 100F2FB

★ D103, D104 2-1W261

**COILS, FILTERS**
**AND TRANSFORMERS**
**Mark Symbol & Description Part No.**

L2 FM RF Coil ATC-205

L1 FM ANT Coil ATC-244

L501 Inductor (1mH) ATH-098

L203 Coil (38kHz) ATC-026

L204 Coil (19kHz) ATH-028

L105, L107 Axial inductor LAU010M

L102, L104, L106, L108, LAU282M

L115 - L117, L123, L124, L201,

L205 Axial inductor LAU221K

L101, L111, L114, L121 Axial inductor

**AM Assembly (AWZ1570)**  
**SEMICONDUCTORS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC301	LA1247
★★	Q301	2SK246
★	D301	KV1226
★	D304, D305	ISS131
★	D306	RD5.1ESB
★	D307	HZS5CLL

**COIL, FILTER AND TRANSFORMERS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
L301	AM OSC Coil	ATB-073
F301	AM Ceramic filter	ATP1004
T301	AM Antenna transformer	ATB-087
T302	AM IF transformer	ATB1002

**CAPACITORS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
TC301		ACM-019
TC302		ACM-020
C304		CCDUJ100D50
C309		CEAS010M50
C306		CEAS100M50
C317, C320		CEAS330M16
C311, C312		CEAS4R7M50
C323		CFTXA103J50
C324		CFTXA473J50
C316, C318		CKDYF102Z50
C307, C308, C313, C315, C321		CKDYF103Z50
C310, C322		CKDYF223Z50
C302, C314, C319		CKDYF473Z50
C305		CQSA431K50
C333		CCDSL101J50

**RESISTORS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	VR301 Semi-fixed (22kΩ)	VRTS6VS223
	Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

**OTHERS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	X301 Ceramic resonator	ATF-125

**DET VCO ASSEMBLY (AWZ1576)**
**IF VCO ASSEMBLY (AWZ1577)**
**★FRONT END OSC ASSEMBLY (AWZ1580)**
**IF MODULE ASSEMBLY (AWZ1579)**

There are not supplied parts above four assemblies.

**★Note:**

D3-4 in the FRONT END OSC ASSEMBLY and D3-1 to D3-3 in the TUNER ASSEMBLY are used the even characteristic varactor.

Therefore, when the FRONT END OSC ASSEMBLY is replaced, replace D3-1 to D3-3 in the TUNER ASSEMBLY together.

Use D3-1 to D3-3 so that D3-1 to D3-3 as even characteristic as D3-4 are installed in the FRONT END OSC ASSEMBLY.

## 7. ADJUSTMENTS

### AM Section Adjustments

- Wire as shown in Fig. 7-1
- Set the AM key to ON and the REC LEVEL CHECK key to OFF.

Step	AM SG (400Hz, 30% de modulation)		F-91 frequency indication	Adjustment point	Adjustments		
	Frequency	Level			Standard		
1	No signal	530kHz (531kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	L301	Adjust so that the voltage between terminal 33 and ground is 2V ( $\pm 0.3V$ ).			
2		1,700kHz (1,602kHz) <sup>*1</sup>		Adjust so that the voltage between terminal 33 and ground is 24.5V ( $\pm 0.5V$ ).			
3	Repeat steps 1 and 2 until both ground voltage standards are satisfied.						
4	Mechanically set VR301 to the midpoint.						
5	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	50 – 80dB	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	T301	Maximize the voltage between terminal 35 and ground.		
6	1,400kHz (1,395kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	50 – 80dB	1,400kHz (1,395kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	TC302			
7	Repeat steps 5 and 6 until the maximum voltage standard is satisfied in both steps.						
8	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	100dB	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	VR301	Adjust so that the voltage between terminal 35 and ground is 4.9V ( $\pm 0.1V$ ). <sup>*2</sup>		

\*1: The frequency in the parenthesis is the frequency at 9kHz STEP (HE and HB types).

\*2: Do not let the voltage of terminal 35 exceed 5.2V.

### FM Section Adjustment

Note: The adjustment method of this FM section is simple throughout.

- Wire as shown in Fig. 7-2
- Set the FM key to ON, and the REC LEVEL CHECK and MUTING keys to OFF.

Step	FM SG (1kHz, $\pm 75\text{kHz}$ deviation)		F-91 frequency indication	Adjustment point	Adjustments	
	Frequency	Level			Standard	
1	No signal	108MHz	L3	Adjust so that the voltage between terminal 33 and ground is 23.5V ( $\pm 0.2V$ ).		
2		87.5MHz		Confirm that the voltage between terminal 33 and ground is 7.5V ( $\pm 1.0V$ ).		
3	90MHz	40dB	90MHz	L1, T1, L2	Maximize the voltage between terminal 22 and ground.	
4	106MHz	40dB	106MHz	TC1–3		
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4 until both ground voltage standards are satisfied. Terminate the adjustment with step 4.					
6	106MHz	60dB	106MHz	T103-a	Set the voltage to 0V for terminal 24 to 26.	
7	98MHz	18dB (Stereo modulation)*	98MHz	VR103	Adjust to the point just before muting is applied.	
8	98MHz	40dB	98MHz	—	Check the output level of the output terminal.	
9	Set the REC LEVEL CHECK key to ON.			VR302	At step 8, set the output level of the output terminal to $-6\text{dB}$ ( $\pm 1\text{dB}$ ).	

\* Stereo modulation: Main 1kHz, L-R,  $\pm 68.25\text{kHz}$  dev. pilot 19kHz,  $\pm 6.75\text{kHz}$  dev.

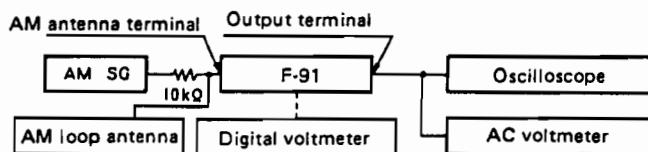


Fig. 7-1 AM adjustment wiring diagram

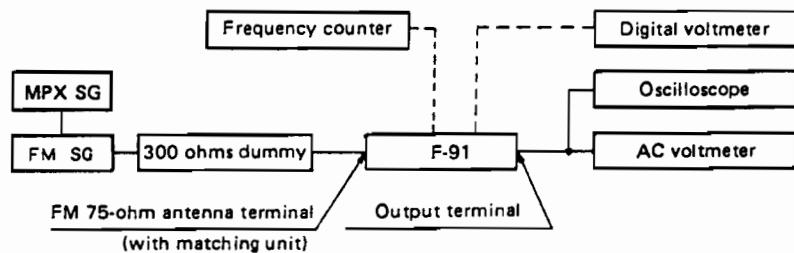


Fig. 7-2 FM adjustment wiring diagram

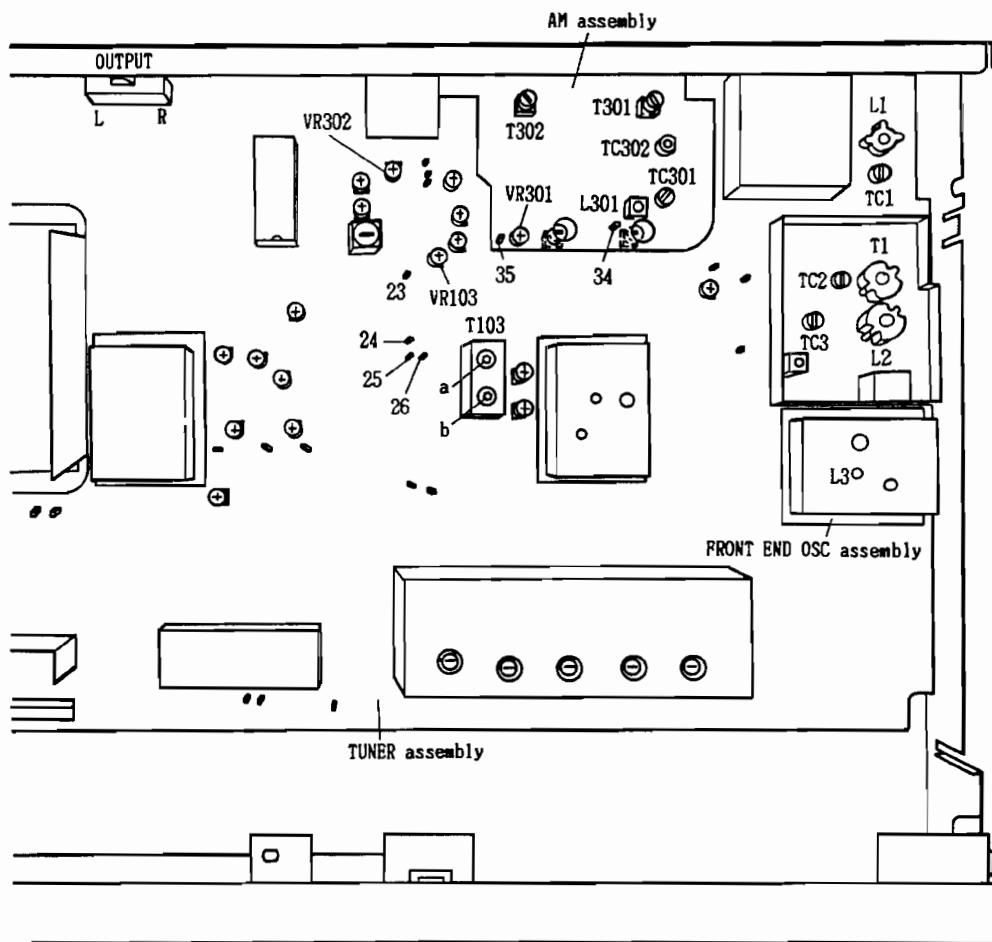


Fig. 7-3 Adjustment point

## 7. RÉGLAGE

### Réglages de la Section AM

- Effectuer le câblage comme indiqué sur la figure 7-1.
- Enclencher la touche AM et désenclencher la touche REC LEVEL CHECK.

Etape	AM SG (400Hz, 30% de modulation)		F-91 indication de fréquence	Point de réglage	Réglages					
	Fréquence	Niveau			Norme					
1	Aucun signal	530kHz (531kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	L301	TC301	Régler de telle manière que la tension entre la borne 33 et la terre soit égale à 2V ( $\pm 0,3V$ ).					
2		1.700kHz (1.602kHz) <sup>*1</sup>			Régler de telle manière que la tension entre la borne 33 et la terre soit égale à 24,5V ( $\pm 0,5V$ ).					
3	Répéter les étapes 1 et 2 jusqu'à ce que les deux normes de tension de terre soient satisfaites.									
4	Régler mécaniquement VR301 à mi-chemin.									
5	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	50 – 80dB	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	T301	Régler de telle manière que la tension entre la borne 35 et la terre soit au maximum.					
6	1.400kHz (1.395kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	50 – 80dB	1.400kHz (1.395kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	TC302						
7	Répéter les étapes 4 et 6 jusqu'à ce que la norme de tension maximum soit satisfaisante dans les deux étapes.									
8	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	100dB	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	VR301	Régler de sorte que la tension entre la borne 35 et la masse soit de 4,9V ( $\pm 0,1V$ ). <sup>*2</sup>					

\*1: La fréquence entre les parenthèses est la fréquence à l'intervalle de 9kHz (modèles HE et HB).

\*2: Ne pas laisser la tension de la borne 35 dépasser 5,2V.

### Réglage de la Section FM

Remarque: La méthode de réglage de cette section FM est simple du début jusqu'à la fin.

- Effectuer le câblage comme indiqué dans la figure 7-2.
- Enclencher la touche FM et désenclencher les touches REC LEVEL CHECK et MUTING.

Etape	FM SG (1kHz, $\pm 75\text{kHz}$ de déviation)		Indication de fréquence de F-91	Point de réglage	Réglages	
	Fréquence	Niveau			Norme	
1	Aucun signal	108MHz	L3	...	Régler de telle manière que la tension entre la borne 33 et la terre soit égale à 23,5V ( $\pm 0,2V$ ).	
2		87,5MHz			Vérifier si la tension entre la borne 33 et la terre est égale à 7,5V ( $\pm 1,0V$ ).	
3	90MHz	40dB	90MHz	L1, T1, L2	Régler de telle manière que la tension entre la borne 22 et la terre soit au maximum.	
4	106MHz	40dB	106MHz	TC1–3		
5	Répéter les étapes 3 et 4 jusqu'à ce que les deux normes de tension de masse soit atteintes. Parachever le réglage avec l'étape 4.					
6	106MHz	60dB	106MHz	T103-a	Régler la tension sur 0V pour les bornes 24 à 26.	
7	98MHz	18dB (Modulation stéréo)*	98MHz	VR103	Régler au point situé juste avant que l'assourdissement n'entre en service.	
8	98MHz	40dB	98MHz	—	Vérifier le niveau de sortie de la borne de sortie.	
9	Enclencher la touche REC LEVEL CHECK.			VR302	A l'étape 8, régler le niveau de sortie de la borne de sortie sur -6dB ( $\pm 1dB$ ).	

\* Modulation stéréo: Principale 1kHz, G-D,  $\pm 68,25\text{kHz}$  dév. pilote 19kHz,  $\pm 6,75\text{kHz}$  dév.

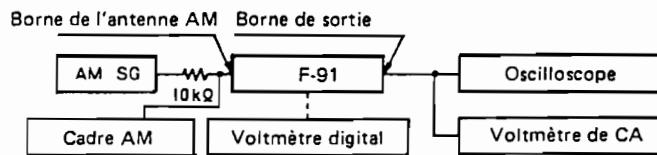


Fig. 7-1 Diagramme de câblage de réglage AM

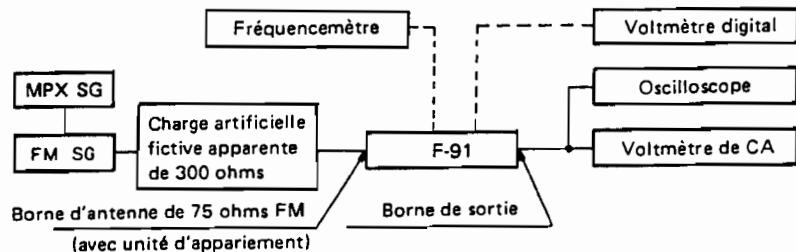


Fig. 7-2 Diagramme de câblage de réglage FM

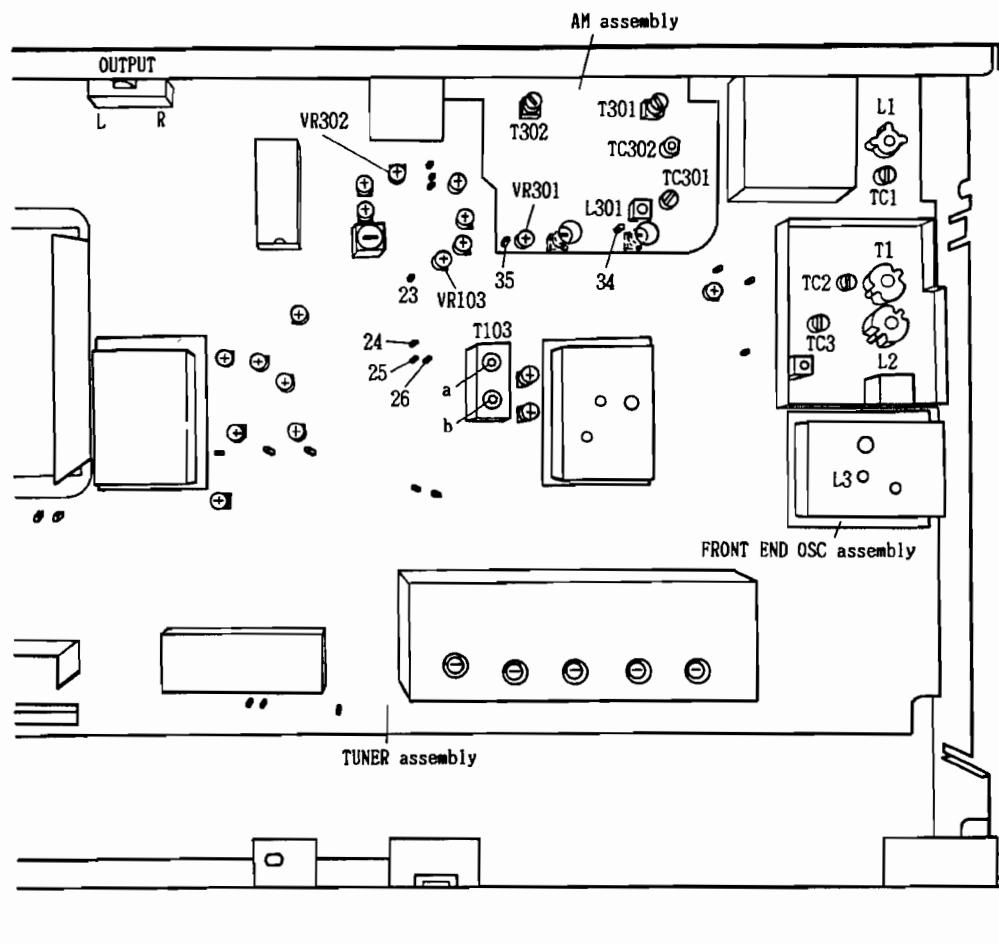


Fig. 7-3 Point de réglage

## 7. AJUSTE

### Ajustes de la Sección AM

- Ejecutar el alambrado como se muestra en la figura 7-1.
- Ponga la tecla AM en ON, y la tecla REC LEVEL CHECK en OFF.

Paso	AM SG (400Hz, 30% de modulación)		F-91 indicación de frecuencia	Punto de ajuste	Ajustes			
	Frecuencia	Nivel			Estándar			
1	Ninguna señal	530kHz (531kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	L301	TC301	Ajustar de modo que el voltaje entre el terminal 33 y la tierra sea de 2V ( $\pm 0,3V$ ).			
2		1.700kHz (1.602kHz) <sup>*1</sup>			Ajustar de modo que el voltaje entre el terminal 33 y la tierra sea de 24,5V ( $\pm 0,5V$ ).			
3	Repetir los pasos 1 y 2 hasta que ambos estándares de voltaje de tierra sean satisfechos.							
4	Ponga VR301 mecánicamente en el punto central.							
5	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	50 – 80dB	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	T301	Ajustar de modo que el voltaje entre el terminal 35 y la tierra sea máximo.			
6	1.400kHz (1.395kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	50 – 80dB	1.400kHz (1.395kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	TC302				
7	Repetir los pasos 5 y 6 hasta que el estándar de voltaje máximo sea satisfecho en ambos pasos.							
8	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	100dB	600kHz (603kHz) <sup>*1</sup>	VR301	Ajuste de forma que la tensión entre el terminal 35 y masa sea de 4,9V ( $\pm 0,1V$ ). <sup>*2</sup>			

\*1: La frecuencia entre paréntesis corresponde a 9kHz STEP (modelos HE y H8).

\*2: No deje que la tensión del terminal 35 sobrepase los 5,2V.

### Ajuste de la Sección FM

Nota: El método de ajuste de esta sección de FM es muy sencillo.

- Ejecutar el alambrado como se muestra en la figura 7-2.
- Ponga la tecla FM en ON, y las teclas REC LEVEL CHECK y MUTING en OFF.

Paso	FM SG (1kHz, $\pm 75$ kHz de desviación)		Indicación de frecuencia de F-91	Punto de ajuste	Ajustes	
	Frecuencia	Nivel			Estándar	
1	Ninguna señal	108MHz	L3	...	Ajustar de modo que el voltaje entre el terminal 33 y la tierra sea de 23,5V ( $\pm 0,2V$ ).	
2		87,5MHz			Verificar si el voltaje entre el terminal 33 y la tierra es de 7,5V ( $\pm 1,0V$ ).	
3	90MHz	40dB	90MHz	L1, T1, L2	Ajustar de modo que el voltaje entre el terminal 22 y la tierra sea máximo.	
4	106MHz	40dB	106MHz	TC1 – 3		
5	Repita los pasos 3 y 4 hasta obtener ambos valores de tensión. Termine el ajuste con el paso 4.					
6	106MHz	60dB	106MHz	T103-a	Ajuste la tensión a 0V para los terminales 24 a 26.	
7	98MHz	18dB (Modulación estéreo)*	98MHz	VR103	Ajuste el punto justamente antes de que se aplique el silenciamiento.	
8	98MHz	40dB	98MHz	—	Compruebe el nivel de salida del terminal de salida.	
9	Ponga la llave REC LEVEL CHECK en ON.			VR302	En el paso 8, ajuste el nivel de salida del terminal de salida a $-6$ dB ( $\pm 1$ dB).	

\* Modulación estéreo: Principal 1kHz, L-R, piloto de  $\pm 68,25$ kHz de desviación 19kHz, desviación de  $\pm 6,75$ kHz



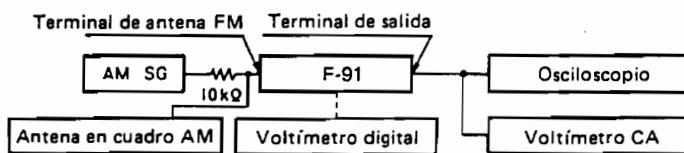


Fig. 7-1 Esquema de alambrado de ajuste AM

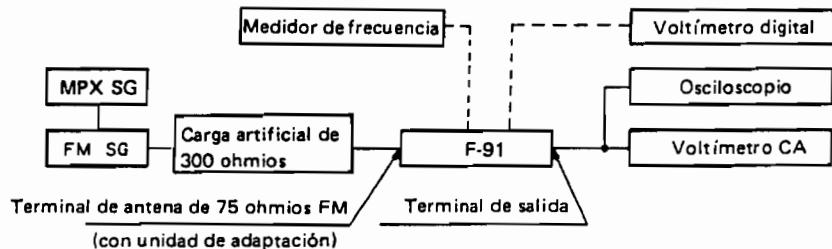


Fig. 7-2 Esquema de alambrado de ajuste FM

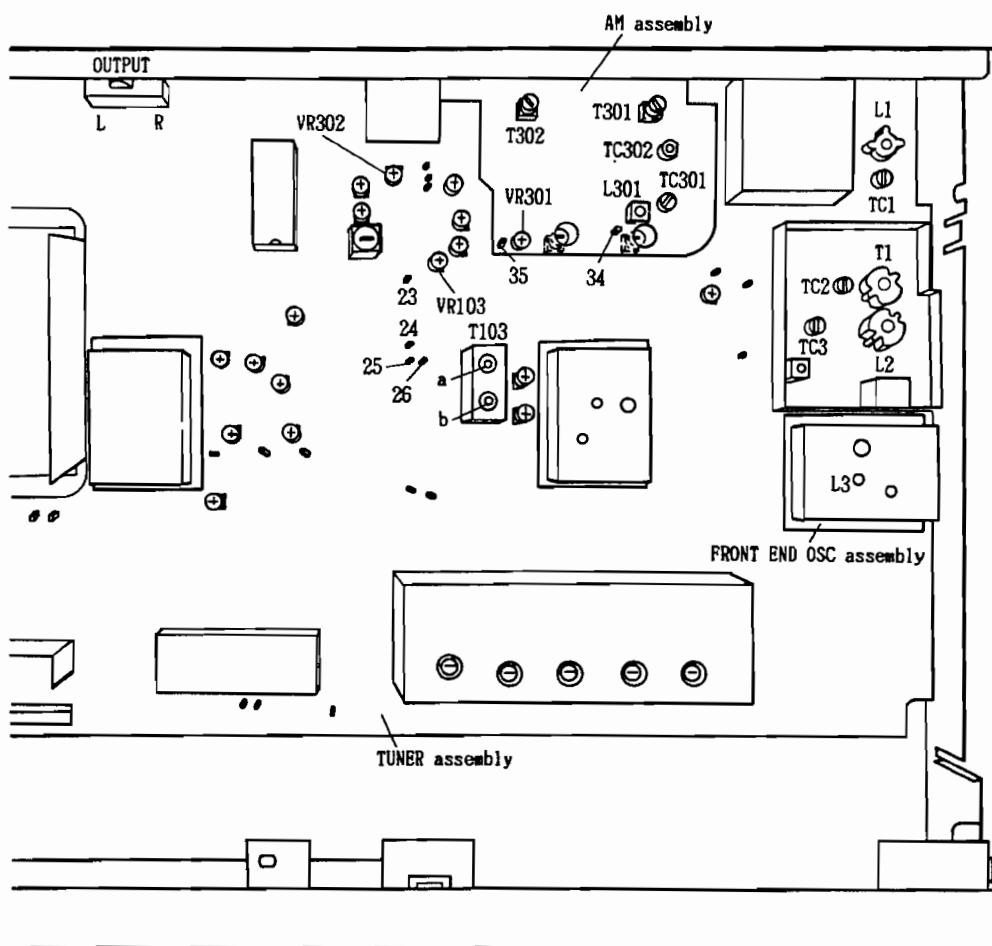


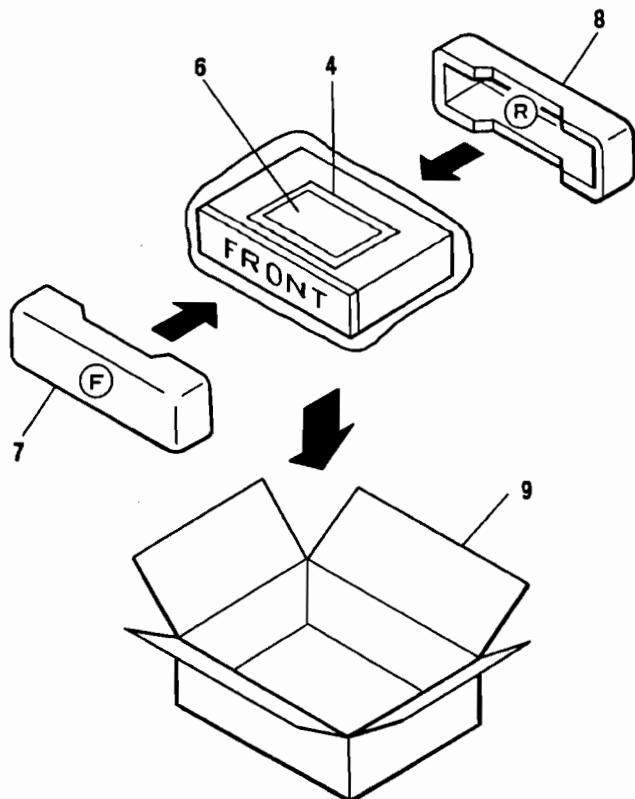
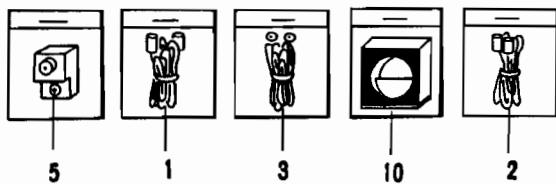
Fig. 7-3 Punto de ajuste

31

## 8. PACKING

### Parts List

<u>Mark</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Part no.</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	ADE-081		Connector cord with pin plug
2	ADE-085		Connector cord with mini plug
3	ADH-005		FM antenna
4	AHG-153		Catalog bag
5	AKX-080		Antenna adaptor
6	ARB1075		Operating instructions (English)
7	AHA1083		Front pad
8	AHA1084		Rear pad
9	AHD1259		Packing case
10	ATB-086		Loop antenna assembly (L901)



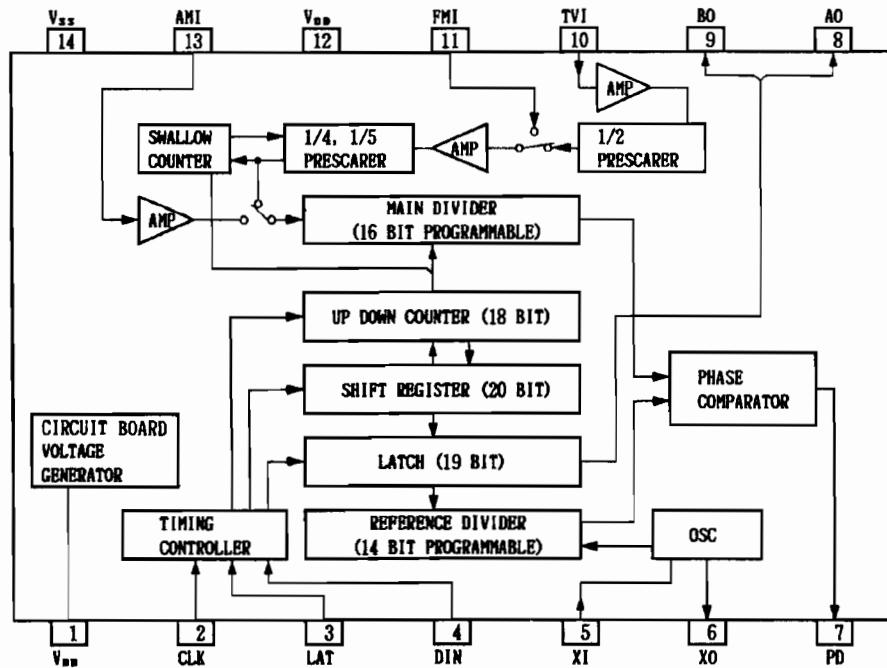
## 9. IC INFORMATION

**CX-7925B**  
TV/FM/AM frequency synthesizer PLL IC

### • Pin Functions

Pin	Pin name	Function & Operation
1	V <sub>BB</sub>	Circuit board terminal
2	CLK	Clock input for 20 bit series data input
3	LAT	Latch signal input of shift register input and Up/Down clock input
4	DIN	Data input and Up/Down mode change ("H" level:Up, "L" level:Down)
5	XI	Crystal oscillator connect terminal for reference signal generator (Max.:13MHz, Standard:4.0MHz)
6	XO	
7	PD	Phase comparator output (3 states)
8	A0	Exite control signal output/Unlock output (E/E MOS push-pull)
9	B0	Exite control signal output/data check (E/E MOS push-pull)
10	TVI	High frequency signal input (300MHz max.) including 1/2 prescaler
11	FMI	High frequency signal input (150MHz max.)
12	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply (+5V)
13	AMI	High frequency signal input (40MHz max.)
14	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground

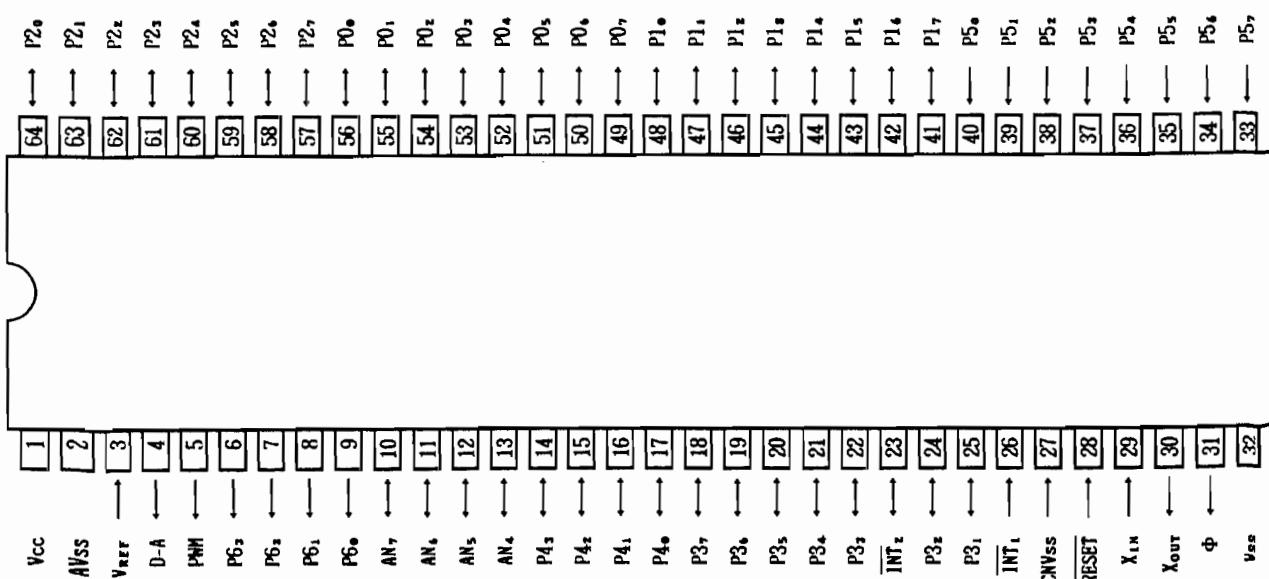
### • Block Diagram



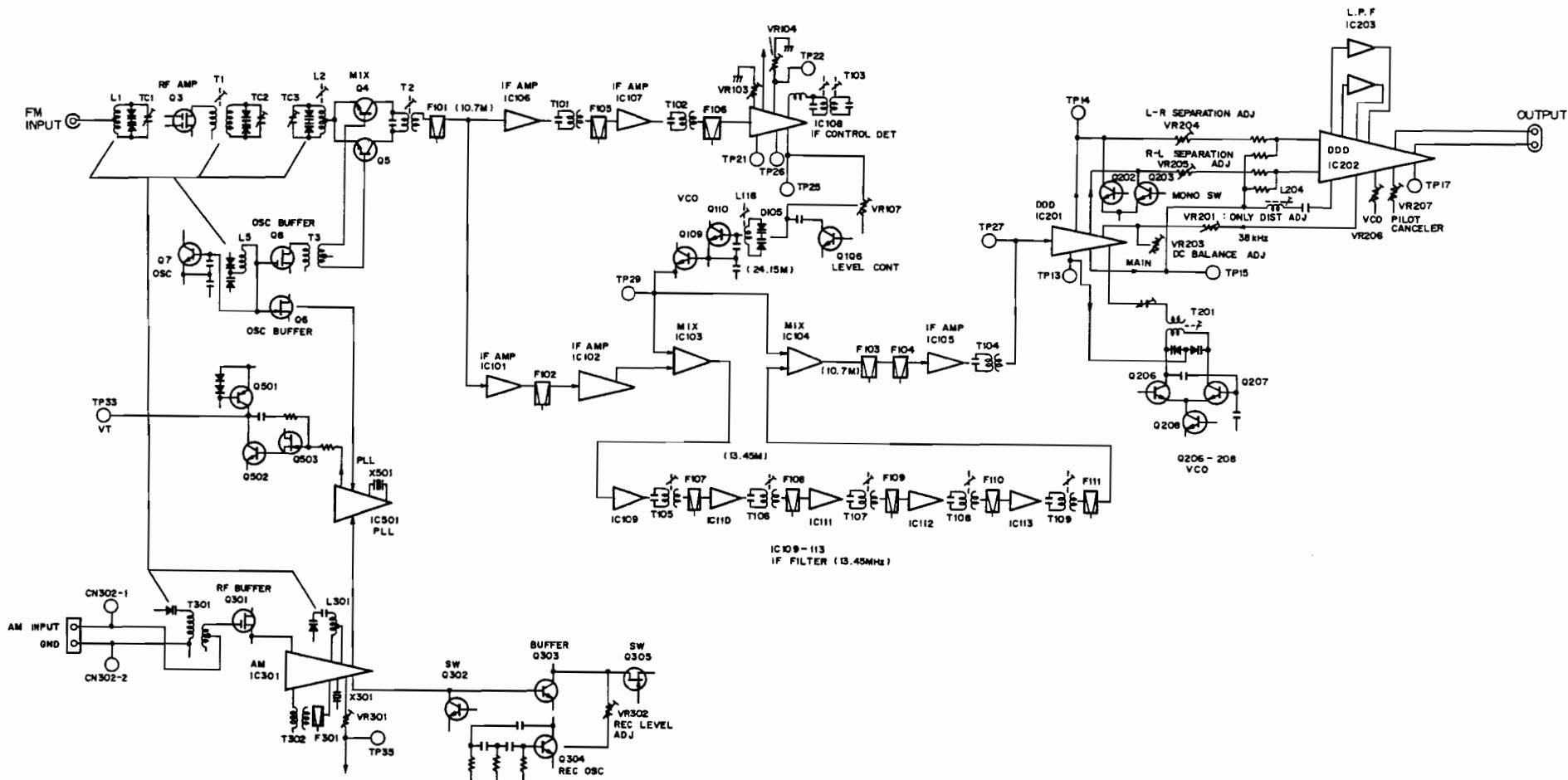
**■ PD5056 (IC502)****• Pin Functions**

Pin	Pin name	Function & Operation	I/O	Active	Pin	Pin name	Function & Operation	I/O	Active
1	Vcc	Power supply (5V)	-	-	33	P5 <sub>7</sub>	KEY MATRIX INPUT	I	-
2	AVss	Analog ground (0V)	-	-	34	P5 <sub>6</sub>		I	-
3	V <sub>ref</sub>	Reference voltage input (5V)	-	-	35	P5 <sub>5</sub>		I	-
4	D-A	N.C.	-	-	36	P5 <sub>4</sub>		I	-
5	PWM	N.C.	-	-	37	P5 <sub>3</sub>		I	-
6	P6 <sub>3</sub>	Compulsion MONO	N	H	38	P5 <sub>2</sub>		I	-
7	P6 <sub>2</sub>	VCO KILLER (AM ON)	N	H	39	P5 <sub>1</sub>		I	-
8	P6 <sub>1</sub>	Hi-Blend	N	H	40	P5 <sub>0</sub>		I	-
9	P6 <sub>0</sub>	MUTE CONTROL	N	H	41	P1 <sub>7</sub>	S METER display (LSB)	N	L
10	AN <sub>7</sub>	FM S METER ② (A/D)	I	-	42	P1 <sub>6</sub>		N	L
11	AN <sub>6</sub>	FM S METER ① (A/D)	I	-	43	P1 <sub>5</sub>		N	L
12	AN <sub>5</sub>	O-VOLT MUTE (A/D)	I	-	44	P1 <sub>4</sub>		N	L
13	AN <sub>4</sub>	AM S METER (A/D)	I	-	45	P1 <sub>3</sub>		N	L
14	P4 <sub>2</sub>	9k/10k input (H=10k)	I	-	46	P1 <sub>2</sub>		N	L
15	P4 <sub>1</sub>	AM & REC CHECK CUT (AM or REC CHECK → H)	N	H	47	P1 <sub>1</sub>		N	L
					48	P1 <sub>0</sub>		(MSB)	N
16	P4 <sub>0</sub>	REC LEVEL CHECK	N	H	49	P0 <sub>7</sub>	LEVEL ADJ.CONT (O-VOLT MUTE ON-L)	N	L
17	P4 <sub>0</sub>	N.C.	N	H	50	P0 <sub>6</sub>	Test ② (DET) (L → test data load and FM+B OFF)	I	L
18	P3 <sub>7</sub>	MW+B CONTROL	N	H	51	P0 <sub>5</sub>	Test (L → test data load) (PE)	I	L
19	P3 <sub>6</sub>	ANTENNA A/B (A → H)	N	H	52	P0 <sub>4</sub>	KEY MATRIX OUTPUT	N	-
20	P3 <sub>5</sub>	STEREO information (L-STEREO)	I	-	53	P0 <sub>3</sub>		N	-
21	P3 <sub>4</sub>	LPP CONT (OV MUTE ON-H)	N	H	54	P0 <sub>2</sub>		N	-
22	P3 <sub>3</sub>	STEREO IND.	N	L	55	P0 <sub>1</sub>		N	-
23	INT <sub>2</sub>	Interrupt for back up (AC input)	I	-	56	P0 <sub>0</sub>		N	-
24	P3 <sub>1</sub>	N.C.	N	L	57	P2 <sub>7</sub>	FM+B CONTROL	0	H
25	P3 <sub>0</sub>	Remote control data input	I	-	58	P2 <sub>6</sub>	PLL lock	-	-
26	INT <sub>1</sub>	(5V Pull Up)	-	-	59	P2 <sub>5</sub>	FL blank ("L" at Power ON)	0	H
27	CNVss	GND	-	-	60	P2 <sub>4</sub>	LC7570 (No.2) enable line	0	-
28	RESET	Power ON reset	I	L	61	P2 <sub>3</sub>	LC7570 (No.1) enable line	0	-
29	X <sub>IN</sub>	Oscillator input (fo = 4MHz)	I	-	62	P2 <sub>2</sub>	PLL enable line	0	-
30	X <sub>OUT</sub>	Oscillator output	0	-	63	P2 <sub>1</sub>	Data line for serial data translator	0	-
31	Φ	N.C.	-	-	64	P2 <sub>0</sub>	Clock line for serial data translator	0	-
32	Vss	GND	-	-					

I : CMOS INPUT    O : CMOS OUTPUT    N : Nch OPEN

**• Pin connections (Top view)**

## 10. BLOCK DIAGRAM



(35)

(36)

## 11. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### 11.1 New IF system principle

Fig.11-1 (a) shows the conventional IF system which band is wide position, and Fig.11-1 (b) shows the new IF system.

Vertical line indicates the time variable of desired signal. The line at right side of desired signal indicates undesired signal.

Mountainous curve shows the amplitude characteristic of IF filter. In the case of conventional system, signal pass through the filter without generate the distortion so that filter is wide. At this time, the system is affected by undesired signal.

In the case of new system, signal pass through directly so that narrow filter follow the signal. Besides, the system is not affected by undesired signal.

This system's filter is controlled by feedforward control, therefore, stability is very high and not oscillation.

This system organize the equivalent follow type filter so that input FM signal frequency controlled for center of the filter at any time. (At conventional system, filter is followed the input signal.)

Fig.11-2 shows the block diagram. System is consists of the control block and filter block. Control block is consists of band-pass filter (BPF1), FM detector (DET1) and low-pass filter (LPF).

The band-pass filter (BPF1) has the same characteristic as conventional tuner's narrow filter, and this filter has selective characteristic sufficiently.

When FM signal is inputed, FM signal is detected by FM detector (DET1) after pass through the band-pass filter (BPF1). And then, output signal of FM detector (DET1) is cut the useless high-frequency elements by low-pass filter (LPF).

Filter block is consists of two mixer (MIX1 and 2), band-pass filter (BPF2) and VCO.

Mixer 1 (MIX1) perform frequency change so that multiply input FM signal by VCO output.

F-91 introduce the secondary IF frequency as 13.45 MHz.

Band-pass filter (BPF2) has the same narrow bandwidth characteristic as the band-pass filter (BPF1).

This filter (BPF2) cut the obstruction wave including input signal.

Input signal of passed through the band-pass filter (BPF2) is multiplied by VCO output at mixer (MIX2) again, then change to the original frequency.

Original signal is detected by FM detector (DET2), then audio output is obtained.

In this way, in spite of use the filter of fixed the center frequency, F-91 operate to the variable filter so that center frequency follow the input signal as equivalent.

If desired signal (S) and undesired signal (U) apply to input as shown in Fig.11-2, first, these signals are applied to control block, and cut the undesired signal (U) by BPF1. At this time, desired signal is distorted by BPF1.

This desired signal without undesired signal is detected by FM detector (DET1), then changed the FM waveform by VCO again.

Output signal of VCO is sum of the desired signal (S) and the distortion element (D).

This distortion element (D) not only include generated distortion at filter (BPF1) but also include generated distortion at detector and VCO.

On the other hand, desired signal (S) and undesired signal (U) apply to the filter block, then mix with the VCO output. Direction of desired signal's modulation is same way as input signal.

The differential element is took out from mixer 1 (MIX1)'s output by BPF2. At this time, desired signal (S) is vanished and undesired signal (U) is eliminated by BPF2.

Therefore, only distortion element (D) pass through the BPF2.

When distortion element (D) pass through the BPF2, element (D) hardly distort so that frequency deviation of the distortion element (D) is just a little.

And signal is mixed with VCO output by mixer 2 (MIX2) and pick up the differential element again. Then, desired signal (S) is obtained to not distortion. At this time, undesired signal (U) has eliminated.

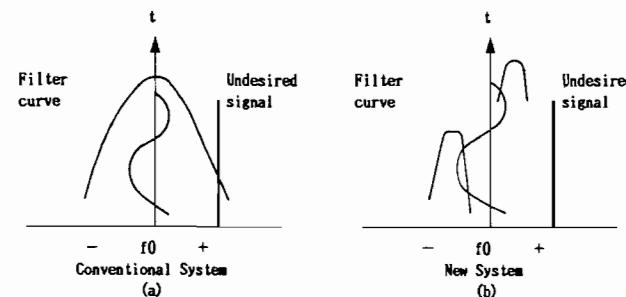


Fig.11-1 Signal tracing characteristics

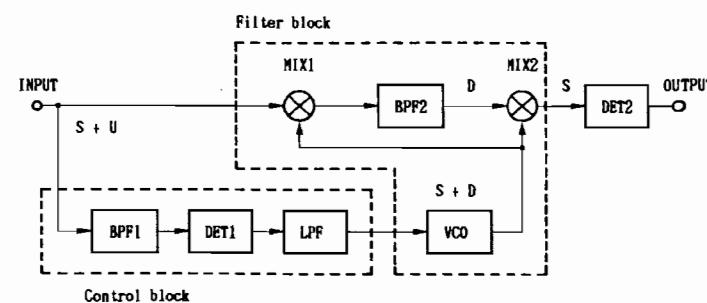


Fig.11-1 Blockdiagram of Active Real-time Tracing System

## 12. FOR HE, HB, HEZ AND SD/G TYPES

### NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- Parts marked by "◎" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.
- The △ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★★ and ★.

★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★  
*This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.*

### Contrast of Miscellaneous Parts.

The F-91/HE, HB, HEZ and SD/G types are the same as the F-91/KU/CA type with the exception of the following sections.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.					Remarks
		F-91/KU/CA type	F-91/HE type	F-91/HB type	F-91/HEZ type	F-91/SD/G type	
△	TUNER assembly	AWZ1568	AWZ1567	AWZ1567	AWZ1566	AWZ1569	
	REMOCON assembly	Non supply	.....	.....	.....	Non supply	
	Acrylic panel	AAK1298	AAK1303	AAK1303	AAK1303	AAK1298	
	FL filter	AAK1300	AAK1299	AAK1299	AAK1299	AAK1300	
	Connection cord with Mini plug	ADE-085	.....	.....	.....	ADE-085	
	AC power cord	ADG-088	ADG1021	ADG-063	ADG1010	ADG-088	
	FM antenna	ADH-005	.....	.....	.....	ADH-005	
	FM antenna assembly	.....	ADH1002	ADH1002	ADH1002	.....	
	Antenna adaptor	AKX-080	.....	.....	.....	AKX-080	
	Side board L	AMS1015	AMS1019	AMS1015	AMS1019	AMS1015	
△ ★	Side board R	AMS1016	AMS1020	AMS1016	AMS1020	AMS1016	For packing
	Operating instructions (English)	ARB1075	.....	ARB1075	.....	ARB1075	
	(English / German / French / Italian)	.....	ARE1054	.....	.....	.....	
	(German)	.....	.....	.....	ARC1051	.....	
	(Spanish)	.....	.....	.....	.....	ARC1068	
	Power transformer (T901) (AC120V)	ATT1043	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	(AC220/240V)	.....	ATT1045	ATT1045	ATT1045	.....	
△ ★	(AC110/120-127/220/240V)	.....	.....	.....	.....	ATT1044	For 2P pin-jack
	Screw	.....	.....	.....	ABA1035	.....	
	Spacer	.....	.....	.....	.....	AHB1021	
	Packing case	AHD1259	AHD1259	AHD1259	AHD1259	AHD1260	

**TUNER Assembly**

The TUNER assembly AWZ1567 (HE and HB types), AWZ1566 (HEZ type) and AWZ1569 (SD/G type) are the same as the AWZ1568 (KU/CA type) with the exception of the following sections.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.				Remarks
		AWZ1568	AWZ1567	AWZ1566	AWZ1569	
	C215, C216	CQMXA242J100	CQMXA182J100	CQMXA182J100	CQMXA182J100	
	R178	RD1/8PM822J	RD1/8PM473J	RD1/8PM473J	RD1/8PM473J	
	R214, R215	RN1/4PQ3162F	RDR1/4PM303J	RDR1/4PM303J	RDR1/4PM303J	
	R408 (2.2MΩ, 1/2W)	ACN-209	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	
	R420, R421	RS1LMF181J	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	
	R422	RS2LMF181J	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	
	R530	RD1/8PM102J	· · · ·	AKX1013	RD1/8PM102J	
	Pal socket	· · · ·	AKX1013	AKX1013	· · · ·	
	C3 (0.01/25V)	ACG-036	ACG-036	· · · ·	ACG-036	
	C3.C42	· · · ·	· · · ·	CCDCH150J50	· · · ·	
	C41	· · · ·	· · · ·	CCCSL101J50	· · · ·	
	C43	· · · ·	· · · ·	CKDYX104M25	· · · ·	
	C267, C268 (0.01/25V)	· · · ·	· · · ·	ACG-036	· · · ·	
	C270, C271	· · · ·	· · · ·	CQSXH152J160	· · · ·	
	L2 FM RF coil	ATC-205	ATC-205	· · · ·	ATC-205	
	L206, L207	· · · ·	· · · ·	LAU2R2M	· · · ·	
	L208, L209	· · · ·	· · · ·	LAU101K	· · · ·	
	L401 Line filter	· · · ·	· · · ·	ATF-151	· · · ·	
	R33	· · · ·	· · · ·	RD1/8PM472J	· · · ·	
	T4 FM RF transformer	· · · ·	· · · ·	ATC-257	· · · ·	
★★	Q210, Q211	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	2SK161	
★★	R259, R260	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	RD1/8PM105J	
★★	S501 Slide switch (CHANNEL STEP/FM DE-EMPHASIS)	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	ASH1009	
△★★	S902 Voltage selector (AC110/120-127/220/240V)	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	AKX-505	
	C265, C266	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	CQMA821J50	
	R34	RD1/2PM103J	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·	